

ĐỀ THI THỬ VÀO LỚP 10 CHUYÊN THPT

Năm học : 2011-2012

Môn thi : TIẾNG ANH (CHUYÊN)

Thời gian làm bài : 120 phút

Điểm	Chữ kí GK

Số phách:
-----------

(Thí sinh làm bài vào tờ giấy này)  
(Không được dùng bất cứ loại từ điển hay tài liệu nào)

I. PHONETICS

a. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest.

- |                  |               |                  |                |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. Vietnamese | B. equipment  | C. understand    | D. volunteer   |
| 2. A. Aborigine  | B. necessary  | C. preference    | D. concentrate |
| 3. A. postpone   | B. religion   | C. potential     | D. record (n)  |
| 4. A. politics   | B. economics  | C. rhetoric      | D. Catholic    |
| 5. A. employee   | B. television | C. questionnaire | D. picturesque |

b. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest.

- |                          |                      |                      |                       |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. desper <u>a</u> te | B. irrit <u>a</u> te | C. grat <u>e</u> ful | D. frustr <u>a</u> te |
| 2. A. belov <u>e</u> d   | B. nak <u>e</u> d    | C. sac <u>r</u> ed   | D. learn <u>e</u> d   |
| 3. A. hous <u>e</u> s    | B. fac <u>e</u> s    | C. hors <u>e</u> s   | D. plac <u>e</u> s    |
| 4. A. surpl <u>u</u> s   | B. surg <u>e</u> ry  | C. surpr <u>i</u> se | D. surfac <u>e</u>    |
| 5. A. pizz <u>a</u>      | B. lizard            | C. puzzl <u>e</u>    | D. muzzl <u>e</u>     |

II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

a. Circle the best one A, B, C or D and write it in the blank to complete the sentence.

- Many music fans find him \_\_\_\_\_ with the thought-provoking questions.  
A. unforgettable      B. unforeseen      C. unfortunate      D. unformed
- Give Ann a call; she needs \_\_\_\_\_ up.  
A. encouraging      B. moving      C. laughing      D. cheering
- The weather condition in the South is favorable to agriculture, while \_\_\_\_\_ the North is not quite so.  
A. weather of      B. weather in      C. that in      D. that
- \_\_\_\_\_ his brother's generous help, he \_\_\_\_\_ in such high social position.  
A. With / wouldn't have been      B. With / won't be  
C. But for / wouldn't be      D. Apart from / wouldn't have been
- You should take her age \_\_\_\_\_ consideration  
A. into      B. for      C. in      D. to
- She is trying to contact \_\_\_\_\_ her close friend. She has lost contact \_\_\_\_\_ her for five years.  
A. with / with      B. X / with      C. at / with      D. to / to
- The boy denied \_\_\_\_\_ the window.  
A. broken      B. to break      C. breaking      D. break
- He arrived at the hotel with only \_\_\_\_\_ luggage.  
A. a little      B. a few      C. little      D. few
- His poems were published under the \_\_\_\_\_ of "Love and Reason".  
A. headline      B. title      C. name      D. subtitle

10. This shop is selling clothes at \_\_\_\_\_ prices.  
A. competed      B. competing      C. competition      D. competitive
11. Children with \_\_\_\_\_ diseases should not be allowed to go to school.  
A. contact      B. constant      C. infectious      D. influential
12. Anna is in a terrible state. Her house was \_\_\_\_\_ last night.  
A. robbed      B. stolen      C. burgled      D. broken in
13. Dinner will be ready soon. Can you please \_\_\_\_\_ the table?  
A. settle      B. lay      C. make      D. put
14. For the sake of his future career as an actor, he did not want to become \_\_\_\_\_ as a detective.  
A. thought      B. named      C. marked      D. labeled
15. The sea is as \_\_\_\_\_ as a mill-pond today.  
A. blue      B. deep      C. calm      D. warm

**b. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition or particle**

1. Why did you leave \_\_\_\_\_ the second question on your examination?
2. We got a cheque \_\_\_\_\_ \$500 in the post today.
3. How did you come \_\_\_\_\_ that scratch on your cheek ?
4. A good citizen is always loyal \_\_\_\_\_ his government.
5. The airplane crashed into the sea about one kilometer \_\_\_\_\_ the shore.
6. We're hoping to get \_\_\_\_\_ for a few days at Easter.
7. I'm sorry but Dr. Ho sees patients \_\_\_\_\_ appointments only.
8. A gang of boys were setting \_\_\_\_\_ fireworks in the street.
9. The chemical gives \_\_\_\_\_ toxic fumes, so be extremely careful when using them.
10. I do feel \_\_\_\_\_ you, honestly !

**c. Complete each of the sentences with the same phrasal verb that has two different meanings. Be sure to use the correct verb form.**

1. (a) Every 18-year-old young man will be \_\_\_\_\_ before he goes to university.  
(b) Please \_\_\_\_\_ me \_\_\_\_\_ when you are free.
2. (a) The computer \_\_\_\_\_ all of sudden.  
(b) David \_\_\_\_\_ as a result of overwork.
3. (a) The new driver could not \_\_\_\_\_ her car in a small car park.  
(b) All should \_\_\_\_\_ the committee's good decisions.
4. (a) I will \_\_\_\_\_ you on Sunday.  
(b) The people are \_\_\_\_\_ to donate money for the earthquake victims.
5. (a) Business \_\_\_\_\_ under the new management.  
(b) Girl students usually \_\_\_\_\_ a language faster than boy students.

**d. Give the correct form of the word in brackets.**

1. The old fishing village is very (*picture*). \_\_\_\_\_
2. Mary gave the child a (*hand*) of sweets. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Did you really have to behave with such (*severe*) to the little girl? \_\_\_\_\_
4. I'll resign if you continue to (*regard*) everything I say. \_\_\_\_\_
5. The list is not intended to be (*exhaust*). \_\_\_\_\_
6. After the children had gone back to school, the house was (*compare*) quiet. \_\_\_\_\_
7. (*Accompany*) children will not be allowed to cross busy roads. \_\_\_\_\_
8. You need to release the (*tenise*) in these shoulder muscles. \_\_\_\_\_
9. The soil has been (*poor*) by erosion. \_\_\_\_\_
10. They were impressed by the power of her (*argue*). \_\_\_\_\_

**e. The following passage contains 10 mistakes. Underline and correct them in the space provided below. The first has been done as an example.**

0. *have been => are*

Every year earthquakes have been responsible for a large number of dead and a vast amount of destructions in various parts of the world. Most of these damaged earthquakes occur neither in a narrow belt which surrounds the Pacific Ocean or in a line which extends from Burma to the Alps in Europe. Some of the destruction is direct caused by the quake themselves. An example of this was the collapse of buildings as the result of vibration. Other damage results in landslides, tsunamis ( large ocean waves) or major fires which are initiating by the quake.

1	6
2	7
3	8
4	9
5	10

III. READING -

a. *Choose the best answer to complete the following passage. Write A, B, C or D in the box provided.*

When faced with some new and possibly bewildering technological change, most people react in one of two (1)..... . They either recoil from anything new, claiming that it is unnecessary, or too (2)..... or that it somehow makes life less than (3)..... . Or they learn to (4)..... to the new invention, and eventually (5)..... how they could possibly have existed without it. (6) ..... computers as an example. For many of us, they still represent a (7)..... to our freedom, and give us a frightening sense of a future in which all (8)..... will be taken by machines. This may be because they seem mysterious, and difficult to understand. Ask most people what you can (9) ..... a home computer for, and you usually get (10) ..... answers about how 'they give you information'. In fact, even those of us who are familiar with computers, and use them in our daily work, have very little idea of how they (11)..... . But it does not take long to learn how to operate a business programme, even if things occasionally go wrong for no apparent reason. Presumably much the same happened when the telephone and the television became (12)..... . What seems to alarm most people is the speed of (13)..... change, rather than change itself.

And the (14) .....that are made to new technology may well have a point to them, since change is not always an improvement. As we discover during power cuts, there is a lot to be said for the oil lamp, the coal fire, and forms of entertainment, such as books or board games, that don't have to be (15)..... in to work.

- |                      |               |                 |              |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 1) A) moments        | B) kinds      | C) ways         | D) types     |
| 2) A) complicated    | B) much       | C) obscure      | D) tiresome  |
| 3) A) formerly       | B) lively     | C) personal     | D) human     |
| 4) A) adapt          | B) react      | C) conform      | D) use       |
| 5) A) decide         | B) wonder     | C) suppose      | D) admit     |
| 6) A) Discuss        | B) Propose    | C) Take         | D) Thus      |
| 7) A) hazard         | B) risk       | C) control      | D) threat    |
| 8) A) measures       | B) decisions  | C) instructions | D) chances   |
| 9) A) run            | B) apply      | C) learn        | D) use       |
| 10) A) vague         | B) such       | C) up with      | D) hundreds  |
| 11) A) are           | B) work       | C) manage       | D) consist   |
| 12) A) in existence  | B) widespread | C) through      | D) extensive |
| 13) A) technological | B) machinery  | C) physical     | D) future    |

14) A) objections	B) appliances	C) criticisms	D) fears	
15) A) connected	B) batteries	C) plugged	D) wired	
1.	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15

**b. Read the passage carefully.**

A Japanese construction company plans to create a huge independent city-state, *akin* to the legendary Atlantis, in the middle of the Pacific Ocean. The city, dubbed "Marinnation", would have about one million inhabitants, two airports, and possibly even a space port. Marinnation, if built, would be a separate country but could serve as a home for international organizations such as the United Nations and the World Bank.

Aside from the many political and social problems that would have to be solved, the engineering task envisaged is *monumental*. The initial stage requires the building of a circular dam eighteen miles in diameter attached to the sea bed in a relatively shallow place in international waters. Then, several hundred powerful pumps, operating for more than a year, would *suck out* the sea water from within the dam. When empty and dry, the area would have a city constructed on it. The actual land would be about 300 feet below the sea level. According to designers, the hardest task from an engineering point of view would be to ensure that the dam is leak proof and earthquake proof.

If all goes well, it is hoped that Marinnation could be ready for habitation at the end of the second decade of the twenty-first century. Whether anyone would want to live in such an isolated and artificial community, however, will remain an open question until that time.

**Choose the best answer. Write A, B, C or D in the box provided.**

- According to the text, Marinnation, when built, will be a(an) \_\_\_\_\_ city.  
A. underground    B. underwater    C. marine    D. legendary
- The word 'akin' in paragraph 1 could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. similar    B. next    C. likely    D. close
- Which of the following would NOT be a problem for the construction plan?  
A. social    B. political    C. financial    D. engineering
- Which of the following is NOT true according to the text?  
A. Marinnation will be located in the middle of the Pacific Ocean.  
B. Marinnation will be built in a deep place in the Pacific Ocean.  
C. Marinnation could be served as home for international organizations.  
D. Marinnation would have about one million inhabitants.
- The word 'monumental' in Paragraph 2 means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. important and difficult    B. like a large monument  
C. serving as a monument    D. important and historic
- What is going to be built first?  
A. a city    B. a dam    C. a monument    D. a sea bed
- The phrase 'suck out' in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to which of the following?  
A. draw out    B. pull out    C. dry up    D. take out
- The most difficult task is to protect the dam against \_\_\_\_\_ and earthquake.  
A. fire    B. water    C. sunlight    D. weather
- According to the text, people could come to live in the future city in the year \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. 2020    B. 2010    C. 2012    D. 2002
- What does the author imply in the last sentence of the passage?  
A. The construction of Marinnation could never be completed in time.  
B. People will ask an open question about living in Marinnation.  
C. People will ask how they can live in such an isolated and artificial city.  
D. People might not want to live in an isolated and artificial community.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

- c. Fill in each numbered space with one appropriate word. Write your answer in the box provided.

WILL TECHNOLOGY REPLACE SCHOOLS

Some people believe that soon schools will no longer be necessary. These people say that because of the Internet and other technology, there is no longer any need for school buildings, formal classes, or (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Perhaps this will be true one day, but it is hard to imagine a world without (2) \_\_\_\_\_. In fact, we need to look at how we can use technology to make schools (3) \_\_\_\_\_ not to eliminate them.

We should invent a new kind of school (4) \_\_\_\_\_ is linked to libraries, museums, science centres, laboratories, and even companies. Experts could give (5) \_\_\_\_\_ on video or over the Internet. TV networks and local stations could develop programming about things students are actually (6) \_\_\_\_\_ in school.

Is this just a dream? No. Already there are several towns where this is beginning to (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Blacksburg, Virginia is one of them. Here the entire city is linked to the Internet, and learning can take (8) \_\_\_\_\_ at home, at school and in the office. Businesses provide programs for the schools and the community. The schools provide computer labs for people without their own (9) \_\_\_\_\_ home. Because everyone can use the Internet, older people participate as (10) \_\_\_\_\_ as younger ones, and everyone can visit distant libraries and museums as easily as nearby ones.

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10

IV. WRITING

Rewrite the following sentences using the cue given in such a way that it means the same as the one given. Do not alter this word in any way.

- Tim insisted on being told the complete story.  
=> *Nothing but* .....
- Philip's inability to make decisions dates from his accident.  
=> *Ever* .....
- Mrs. Obama says she's sorry she didn't attend the meeting yesterday morning.  
=> *Mrs. Obama sends* .....
- Without skilful surgery, he would not have survived the operation.  
=> *Thanks* .....
- We were just going to bed when the earthquake happened. (point)  
=> .....
- Tony bought Sally a necklace as a compensation for not having a holiday. (make)  
=> .....
- My farther is going to be really angry when he finds out that I have lost the car key. (wall)  
=> .....
- If things go wrong, John, whatever you do, do not panic. (head)  
=> .....
- At the moment I only have time to think about my examination. (preoccupied)  
=> .....
- The introduction of the new currency has greatly affected the economy. (impact)  
=> .....