SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO
ĐỀ ÔN THI SỐ 03
(Đề thi gồm có 09 trang)

KỲ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI
CẤP TỉNH LỚP 9 NĂM 2018

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

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Họ và tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:
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SECTION I: LISTENING (3.0 points) (You will hear twice for each part)
Part 1. You will hear a man describing a series of books. For each Question, put a tick in the correct box.

1. Why does he like 'The Planet Wars'?
A. It has a believable plot.
B. The story is fascinating.
C. The characters are deeply emotional.
2. What is his problem with 'ALong Way Horns'?
A. It was too long.
B. The idea was bad.
C. The writing was bad.
3. What does he say is original about 'Catch a Dream"
A. The happy ending.
B. The megical abilities of the characters.
C. The changing emotions of the characters.
4. The horror story is about
A. a war between humans and vampires.
B. Dracula is trying to use science to take over the world.
C. a battle between two groups of vampires.
5. What is not true about 'A World of Stories'?
A. It is a collection of different children's stories.
B. Forty children from around the world tell their life stories.
C. Stories are included fram different continents.
6. What does he think about 'The Real Shakespeare"
A. It does not contain accurate facts
B. It will be remembered as a classic
C. It will change people's minds about Shakespeare.

Part 2. You will hear someone talking on the radio about taxis and private hire vehicles in London. For each question, fill in the missing information in the numbered space.

## LONDON TAXIS AND PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLES

Taxi Services: Taxi; \& private hire 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.
Pay in (7) ......................... or with credit \& debit cards.
Not all black
Stopped in the (8) .......................... or at cab ranks.
Can be booked (9) $\qquad$ .

Taxi Costs
Depends on time of day, (10) $\qquad$ travelled and time taken.

Tariff 1: Monday - Friday (11) $\qquad$ .

Tarifif 2: Monday - Friday 8 p.m. - 10 p.m., (12)
Tariff 3 Every night 10 p.m. 6 am \& on (13) $\qquad$
Tests to become a Taxi Driver
Criminal record check
(14) examination.

Knowledge of London's streets

## Private Hire Vehicles

Limousine
Chauffer services, often known as (15)
Journeys always booked in advance by visiting office or by phone

## SECTION II: LEXICO - GRAMMAR (7.0 points)

Part 1: Questions from 16 to 36 . ( 3.0 points -0.15 / each)
Choose the best answer to each question.
16. $\qquad$ the outer rings of a gyroscope are twisted or turned, the gyroscope itself continues to spin in exactly the same position.
A. Somehow
B. Otherwise
C. However
D. No matter
17. Scientists cannot agree on $\qquad$ related to other orders of insects.
A. that fleas are
B. how fleas are
C. how are fleas
D. fleas that are
18. The authorities are determined to take tougher $\qquad$ to reduce crime.
A. situations
B. measures
C. requirements
D. interests
19. The old theater is in need of complete $\qquad$ .
A. renew
B. rebuild
C. renovation
D. review
20. Prior to the economic reform, the country had experienced many years of a $\qquad$ economy.
A. stagnant
B. fluent
C. fluently
D. smoothly
21. Education is our first $\qquad$ now. We are trying to do what we can to make it better.
A. prior
B. prioritization
C. priory
D. priority
22. They have made a substantial change; that means, they have made a(n) $\qquad$ change.
A. economic
B. considerable
C. steady
D. subtle
23. M.D. played much better than their opponents; they almost $\qquad$ the match.
A. dominated
B. eliminated
C. activated
D. terminated
24. The company was $\qquad$ because of a shortage of orders.
A. solved
B. resolved
C. dissolved
D. involved
25. It looks like they're going to succeed $\qquad$ their present difficulties.
A. because of
B. despite
C. yet
D. even though
26. In spite of $\qquad$ , we decided to go out.
A. tired
B. feeling tired
C. all of us felt tired
D. we felt very tired
27. "Do you mind if I borrow a chair?"
// Do you need only one?"
A. Yes, I would.
B. Yes, I do.
C. Not at all.
D. I'm sorry.
28. My parents saw a $\qquad$ play last night.
A. three - act
B. three - acts
C. three acts
D. three act
29. Lucy was late for school this morning because the alarm didn't $\qquad$ as usual
A. get off
B. go off
C. ring off
D. take off
30. These books belong to you. I'm sure they are $\qquad$ .
A. you're
B. your's
C. yours
D. your
31. The other day I came $\qquad$ a really beautiful old house in the back streets of London.
A. over
B. down
C. by
D. across
32. He was looked $\qquad$ by others because of his poverty.
A. out for
B. up to
C. down upon
D. into
33. He bought the cottage $\qquad$ renovating it and then selling at a large profit.
A. with a view to
B. with a target of
C. his goal being
D. aiming to
34. She $\qquad$ down completely on hearing of her friend's death.
A. broke
B. turned
C. put
D. fell
35. We intend to $\qquad$ with the old system as soon as we have developed a better one
A. do up
B. do away
C. do in
D. do down

## Part 2: Questions from 36 to 45. (2 points - 0.2/ each)

Use the correct form of the word in brackets to complete the following sentences.
36. The most games have sold in the millions.

## SUCCESS

37. People have $\qquad$ that doing puzzles is good for you. COVER
38. It's easy to find a $\qquad$ to the problems posed. SOLVE
39. There has been an $\qquad$ in the power of their brains. IMPROVE
40. Some $\qquad$ argue that the brain gets better at a task the more it repeats it.
41. The improvement in the $\qquad$ is something that happens naturally. PERFORM
42. It remains $\qquad$ whether puzzles are actually helping to boost brainpower or not.
43. According to $\qquad$ most people sleep less than 8 hours every day.

SEARCH
44. The advice passed down to our grandparents may contain some $\qquad$ ..

TRUE
45. A good example is the $\qquad$ between being cold and catching a cold.

## Part 3: Questions from 46 to 50 . (1 point - 0.2/ each)

Each of the following sentences has an error. Find the errors and correct them.
46. When I was a small child, there would be a big banyan tree at the entrance to my village.
47. The lion has long been a symbol of strength, power, and cruel.
48. We took part in a six-hours journey to the eastern coast.
49. Different kinds of newspapers are arranging on the shelves.
50. There are a little activities that we can do after the meeting.

Part 4: Questions from 51 to 55.(1 point - 0.2/ each)
Fill in each of the sentences with correct prepositions.
51. I read a great book

John Grisham.
52. He's Italian? For some reason I was $\qquad$ the impression that he was Spanish.
53. We've put a lot of effort $\qquad$ this project.
54. After his father died, Nelson came $\qquad$ a fortune.
55. I was born in London but I was brought $\qquad$ in Madrid.

## SECTION III: READING (6.0 points)

## Part 1. Questions 56-65 (2 points - 0.2/ each)

## Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question.

## ROBOTS

Ever since it was first possible to make a real robot, people have been hoping for the invention of a machine that would do all the necessary jobs (56) $\qquad$ the house. If boring and repetitive factory work could be (57) $\qquad$ by robots, why not boring and repetitive household chores too?

For a long time the only people who really (58) $\qquad$ the problem their attention were amateur inventors. And they came up against a major difficulty. That is, housework is actually very complex. It has never been one job, it has always been many. A factory robot (59) $\qquad$ one task endlessly (60) $\qquad$ it is reprogrammed to do something else. It doesn't run the whole factory. A housework robot, on the other hand, has to do several different (61) $\qquad$ of cleaning and carrying jobs and also has to cope (62) $\qquad$ all the diffenrent shapes and positions of rooms, furniture, ornaments, cats and dogs. (63) $\qquad$ there have been some developments recently. Sensors are available to (64) $\qquad$ the robot locate objects and avoid obstacles. We have the technology to produce the hardware. All that is missing the software- the programs that will (65)
$\qquad$ the machine.
56. A. through
B. over
C. around
D. for
57.
A. managed
B. succeeded
C. made
D. given
58. A. did
B. took
C. gave
D. showed
59.
A. carries over
B. carries out
C. carries off
D. carries away
60.
A. until
B. while
C. since
D. when
61.
A. systems
B. methods
C. ways
D. types
62.
A. from
B. with
C. by
D. for
63.
A. However
B. Therefore
C. Besides
D. Moreover
64.
A. enable
B. help
C. assist
D. allow
65.
A. practice
B. perform
C. order
D. operate

## Part 2. Questions 66-75 (2.0 points - 0.2/ each)

Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question
Archimedes' Principle is a law of physics that states that when an object is totally or partially immersed in a fluid, it experiences an upthrust equal to the weight of the fluid displaced. The principle is most frequently applied to the behaviourof objects in water, and helps to explain floating and sinking, and why objects seem lighter inwater. It also applies to balloons. The key word in the principle is "upthrust", which refers to the force acting upward to reduce the apparent weight of the object whenit is under water. If, for example, a metal block with a volume of 100 cm 3 is dipped in water, it displaces an equal volumeof water, which has a weight of approximately $1 \mathrm{~N}(3.5 \mathrm{oz})$. The block therefore seems to weigh about 1 N less.

An object will float if its average density is less than that of water. If it is totally submerged, the weight of the water it displaces (and hence the upthrust on it) is greater than its own weight, and it is forced upward and out of the water, until the weightof the water displaced by the submerged part is exactly equal to the weight ofthe floating object. Thus a block of wood with a density six tenths that of water will float with six tenths of its volume under water, since at that point the weight of fluid displaced is the same as the block's own weight. If a dense material is made into a suitable shape, it will float because of Archimedes' principle. A ship floats, whereas a block of iron of the same mass sinks.

It is also because of Archimedes' principle thatships float lower in the water when they are heavily loaded (more water must be displaced to give the necessary upthrust). In addition, they cannot be so heavily loaded if they are to sail in fresh water as they can if they are to sail in the sea, since fresh water is less dense than sea water, and so more water must be displaced to give the necessary upthrust. This means the ship is lower in the water, which can be dangerous in rough weather.
66. What happens when something is immersed in a fluid?
A. It will be pushed further down with a force, equal to the weight of the fluid displaced.
B. It receives an upward force, equal tothe weight of the fluid displaced.
C. It receives a downward force, equal tothe weight of the fluid displaced.
D. The fluid will expand the object and overflow to the floor.
67. The word "volume" in the passage refers to $\qquad$ .
A. loudness
B. quantity
C. frequency
D. length
68. The word "displaces" in the passage almost means " $\qquad$ ".
A. takes the place of
B. takes place
C. replaces with a new one
D. puts in position
69. If an object's average density is less than that of water, the object will $\qquad$ .
A. sink
B. float
C. inflate
D. drift
70. A block of wood with a density seven tenths that of water will $\qquad$ .
A. go up and down then sink
B. float with a half of its volume under water
C. float with an equal volume of its volume under water
D. sink immediately when submerged
71. A ship floats, whereas a block of iron ofthe same mass sinks because the ship $\qquad$ .
A. is made of wood
B. is lighter
C. has buoys
D. has a special shape
72. The phrase "six tenths" in the passage means " $\qquad$ $"$.
A. 6 and 10
B. $10 / 6$
C. 10 of 6
D. $6 / 10$
73. The word "upthrust" in the passage refers to the $\qquad$ .
A. upward push
B. upper side of an object
C. upturned force
D. upside-down turn
74. Ships cannot be so heavily loaded if they want to sail in fresh water as they sail in the sea, because
$\qquad$ .
A. fresh water is 'lighter' than sea water
B. there's too much salt in sea water
C. sea water is 'saltier' than fresh water
D. fresh water is more polluted
75. Archimedes' Principle explains why $\qquad$ .
A. all objects will float
B. Archimedes became famous
C. objects seem lighter in water
D. humans can swim

Part 3: Questions 76 - 85 ( 2.0 points - 0.2/ each)
Read the text and fill in one word which best fits each gap.
Watching Television and going for a walk are the most popular leisure (76) in

Britain. But although longer holidays and shorter working hours have given people more free (77) ............................, women generally have less free time (78) .............................. men, because they spend time (79) ............................. domestic work, shopping and childcare. Surveys showed that more men (80) newspapers than women, and (81) $\qquad$ slightly higher proportion of adult read Sunday newspapers than read (82) morning national
newspaper. More people are taking holidays abroad (83) in Britain had been abroad on holiday; but by 1983 this proportion had (85) to 62 percent, nearly fifteen million people.

## SECTION IV: WRITING (4.0 points)

## Part 1: Questions from 86 to 90 . (2 point- 0.4/ each)

Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.
86. I left without saying goodbye as I didn't want to disturb the meeting.

Rather
87. Everyone thinks I picked all the flowers in the garden.

I am thought
88. We decided to move to the countryside.

We made
89. They were never aware at any moment that something was wrong.

* At no time

90. The heavy rain prevented everybody from going out.
. Had
Part 2: Questions from 91 to 92 .(2 pointS - 0.4/ each)
Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given.
91. It was easy for us to get tickets for the concert. no

We $\qquad$ tickets for the concert.
92. The two theories appear to be completely different. common

The two theories
93. I can't describe people as well as you can. better
. You're I am.
94. I don't know how you can stand getting up so early to go to the pool. put

I don't know how you up so early to go to the pool.
95. "It was your fault to break my vase yesterday" said Jane to her brother. accused Jane accused her vase the previous day.

