**ĐỀ LUYỆN TẬP 9**

## Mark the letter A,B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Question 1:** It isn't just that the level of education of this school is high. It's that it's also been consistent for years.

**A.**  The standard of education is not high in this school, but at least all the students are at the same level.

**B.**  Not only are the standards of education good in this school, but it has maintained those standards over the years.

**C.**  It isn't fair to deny that this school is successful, as it has had the same high standards for many years now.

**D.**  The level of education in this school, which is usually quite high, shows only slight variations from year to year.

**Question 2:** She tried very hard to pass the driving test. She could hardly pass it.

**A.**  Despite being able to pass the driving test, she didn’t pass it.

**B.**  No matter how hard she tried, she could hardly pass the driving test.

**C.**  She tried very hard, so she passed the driving test satisfactorily.

**D.**  Although she didn’t try hard to pass the driving test, she could pass it.

**Question 3:** “You had better see a doctor if the sore throat does not clear up”, she said to me.

**A.**  She ordered me to see a doctor if the sore throat did not clear up.

**B.**  She insisted that I see a doctor unless the sore throat did not clear up.

**C.**  She suggested that I see a doctor if the sore throat did not clear up.

**D.**  She reminded me of seeing a doctor if the sore throat did not clear up.

**Question 4:** Without her teacher‘s advice, she would never have written such a good essay.

**A.**  Her teacher didn‘t advise her and she didn‘t write a good essay.

**B.**  If her teacher didn‘t advise her, she wouldn‘t write such a good essay.

**C.**  If her teacher didn‘t advise her, she wouldn‘t write such a good essay.

**D.**  Her teacher advised him and she didn‘t write a good essay.

**Question 5:** He shouldn't have forgotten that yesterday was his wife’s birthday.

**A.**  He had a birthday which his wife forgot.

**B.**  Yesterday, he remembered when his wife's birthday was.

**C.**  He failed to remember the date of his wife's birthday.

**D.**  His wife forgot her own birthday.

## Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 6:** It’s a really difficult matter to decide how to solve now. I will need time to **think it twice**

**A.**  to think it over **B.** to make it better

**C.** to make up for it **D.** to think out of time

**Question 7:** He insisted on listening to the **entire** story.”

**A.** part **B.** funny **C.** whole **D.** interesting

## Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 8:** The news has been greeted with **dismay** by local business leaders.

**A.** disappoinment **B.** depression **C.** happiness **D.** pessimism

**Question 9:** Allow me to fill your glass

**A.** remake **B.** empty **C.** refill **D.** repeat

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrases that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Most Americans eat three meals (10) the day: breakfast, lunch, and dinner. Breakfast begins between 7:00 and 8:00am, lunch between 11:00 am and noon, and dinner between 6:00 and 8:00 pm. On Sundays "brunch" is a (11) of breakfast and lunch, typically beginning at 11:00 am. Students often enjoy a "study break" or evening snack around 10:00 or 11:00 pm. Breakfast and lunch tend to be light meals, with only one course.

Dinner is the main meal.

For breakfast Americans will eat cereal with milk which are often mixed (12) in a bowl, a glass of orange juice, and toasted bread or muffin with jam, butter, or margarine. Another common breakfast meal is scrambled eggs or an omelet with potatoes and breakfast meat (bacon or sausage). People who are on a diet eat just a cup of yogurt.

Lunch and dinner are more (13) . When eating at a formal dinner, you may be overwhelmed by the number of utensils. How do you (14) the difference between a salad fork, a butter fork, and a dessert fork? Most Americans do not know the answer. But knowing which fork or spoon to use first is simple: use the outermost utensils first and the utensils closest to the plate last.

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| **Question 10:** | **A.** in | **B.** for | **C.** on | **D.** during |
| **Question 11:** | **A.** addition | **B.** connection | **C.** combination | **D.** attachment |
| **Question 12:** | **A.** each other | **B.** together | **C.** one another | **D.** others |

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| **Question 13:** | **A.** vary | **B.** variety | **C.** varied | **D.** various |
| **Question 14:** | **A.** say | **B.** talk | **C.** speak | **D.** tell |

## Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question 15:** | **A.** condition | **B.** option | **C.** suggestion | **D.** relation |
| **Question 16:** | **A.** acquaintance | **B.** acquire | **C.** admirable | **D.** arrival |

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

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| **Question 17:** | **A.** economics | **B.** regulation | **C.** individual | **D.** inspection |
| **Question 18:** | **A.** evolution | **B.** comprehend | **C.** speculation | **D.** explosive |

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 19:** Tom looks so frightened and upset. He something terrible.

**A.** must experience **B.**can have experienced

**C.** should have experienced **D.** must have experienced

**Question 20:** The job requires certain . You have to be good at operating computers and dealing with people.

**A.** qualificatons **B.** knowledge

**C.** techniques **D.** skills

**Question 21:** Hana and Jenifer are talking about a book they have just read.

* + Hana: “The book is really interesting and educational.”
	+ Jenifer: “ .

**A.** I’d love it **B.** That’s nice of you to say so

**C.** I couldn’t agree with you more **D.** Don’t mention it

**Question 22:** “Excuse me. Where is the office of UNICEF Vietnam located?”

**A.** leading **B.** head **C.** summit **D.** central

**Question 23:** He really deserved the award because he performed what was expected of him.

**A.** much better which **B.** the most that

**C.** much more as **D.** much better than

**Question 24:** If you less last night, you so bad today.

**A.** had drunk - would not have felt **B.** drank - would not felt

**C.** had drunk - would not feel **D.** Don’t mention it

**Question 25:** After his illness, Robert had to work hard to his classmates

**A.** catch sight of **B.** keep pace with

**C.** get in touch with **D.** make allowance for

**Question 26:** Do you know the woman who is wearing the ?

**A.** gold watch very old valuable **B.** very valuable old gold watch

**C.** old gold watch very valuable **D.** very old gold valuable watch

**Question 27:** The accident is believed 2 years ago.

**A.** to be investigated **B.** to have investigted

**C.** to investigate **D.** to have been investigated

**Question 28:** our children may be, we can not go picnic in this weather

**A.** Though excited **B.** Excited as

**C.** Because of excitement **D.** Exciting

**Question 29:** our children may be, we can not go picnic in this weather

**A.** had **B.** have **C.** has **D.** to have

**Question 30:** We went away on holiday last week , but it rained .

**A.** every other day **B.** every single day **C.** every two days **D.** every second day

**Question 31:** I felt over when I was riding and my sister had to a doctor.

**A.** call on **B.** bring **C.** take **D.** fetch

**Question 32:** Long lost his job no fault of his own.

**A.** through **B.** by **C.** it **D.** over

**Question 33:** that she stormed out of the house.

**A.** Such was angry girl **B.** So angry was she

**C.** She was angry so **D.** Her anger was so

**Question 34:** over long distances is a fact that everyone knows.

**A.** That electricity transmitting **B.** That electricity can be transmitted

**C.** That electricity **D.** That can be transmitted

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Stars have been significant features in the design of many United States coins and their number has varied from one to forty-eight stars. Most of the coins issued from about 1799 to the early years of the twentieth century bore thirteen stars representing the thirteen original colonies. Curiously enough, the first American silver coins, issued in 1794, had fifteen stars because by that time Vermont and Kentucky has joined the Union. At that time it was apparently the intention of mint officials to add a star for each new state. Following the admission of Tennessee in 1796, for example, some varieties of half dimes, dimes, and half-dollars were produced with sixteen starts. As more states were admitted to the Union, however, it quickly became apparent that this scheme would not prove practical and the coins from A798 on were issued with only thirteen stars-one for each ofthe original colonies. Due to an error at the mint, one variety of the A828 half cent was issued with only twelve stars. There is also a variety of the large cent with only A2 stars, but this is the result of a die breakand is not a true error.

**Question 35:** What is the main topic of the passage?

**A.** Stars on American coins.

**B.** The teaching of astronomy in state universities.

**C.** The star as national symbol of the United States.

**D.** Colonial stamps and coins.

**Question 36:** The word **“their”** in line 1 refers to .

**A.** coins **B.** features **C.** colonies **D.** stars

**Question 37:** The word “**bore**” in line 3 is closest in meaning to .

**A.** carried **B.** drilled **C.** symbolized **D.** cost

**Question 38:** The expression “Curiously enough” is used because the author finds it strange that

**A.** Silver coins with fifteen stars appeared before coins with thirteen.

**B.** Vermont and Kentucky joined the Union in 1794.

**C.** Tennessee was the first state to use half dimes.

**D.** No silver coins were issued until 1794.

**Question 39:** Which of the following can be inferred about the order in which Kentucky, Tennessee, and Vermont joined the Union?

**A.** Vermont joined after Tennessee and Kentucky.

**B.** Kentucky joined before Tennessee and Vermont.

**C.** Tennessee joined Vermont and Kentucky.

**D.** Vermont and Kentucky joined at the same time.

**Question 40:** Why was a coin produced in 1828 with only twelve stars?

**A.** There was a change in design policy.

**B.** There were twelve states at the time.

**C.** The mint made a mistake.

**D.** Tennessee had left the Union.

## Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

**Question 41:** Alike other forms of energy, natural gas may be used to heat homes, cook food, and even run automobiles.

**A.** Alike **B.** may be used **C.** heat homes **D.** run

**Question 42:** The federal government recommends that all expectant women will avoid place where other people smoke.

**A.** recommends that **B.** expectant

**C.** will avoid **D.** smoke

**Question 43:** The United States come top of the list of countries ranked by economic performances.

**A.** come **B.** the list **C.** ranked **D.** economic

**Question 44:** The man, of whom the red car is parked in front of our house, is a prominent physician in this town.

**A.** of whom the **B.** is parked **C.** of our house **D.** is a

**Question 45:** Almost poetry is more enjoyable when it is read aloud.

1. Almos **B.** is more **C.** enjoyable **D.** it is

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In the past, both men and women were expected to be married at quite young ages. Marriages were generally arranged by parents and family, with their children having little chance to say no in the matter. In the past, it was not surprising to find that a bride and groom had only just met on the day of their engagement or marriage. In modern Vietnam, this has changed completely as people choose their own marriage-partners based on love, and in consideration primarily to their own needs and wants. Moreover early marriage is quite illegal.

The traditional Vietnamese wedding is one of the most important of traditional Vietnamese occasions. Regardless of westernization, many of the age-old customs practiced in a traditional Vietnamese wedding continue to be celebrated by both Vietnamese in Vietnam and overseas, often combining both western and eastern elements. Besides the wedding ceremony, there is also an engagement ceremony which takes place usually half a year or so before the wedding. The number of guests in attendance at these banquets is huge, usually in the hundreds. Several special dishes are served. Guests are expected to bring gifts, often money, **which** the groom and bride at one point in the banquet will go from table to table collecting.

**Question 46:** In the past, .

**A.** Vietnamese couples were free to make a decision on the marriage

**B.** Vietnamese marriage was decided by parents and family

**C.** getting married at an early age was not allowed

**D.** parents had no right to interfere their children's marriage

**Question 47:** In former days, the fact that a bride and groom had only first met just on the day of their engagement or marriage was .

**A.** surprising **B.** popular **C.** uncommon **D.** strange

**Question 48:** Which sentence is referred Vietnamese modern marriage?

**A.** Most young people do not have their marriage based on love.

**B.** All marriages are arranged by parents and family.

**C.** Marriage is quite westernization.

**D.** Couples do not get married at quite young ages.

**Question 49:** According to the passage, .

**A.** Oversea Vietnamese people do not like to organize a traditional wedding

**B.** There is an engagement ceremony which takes place usually half a year or so before the wedding

**C.** Many of the age-old customs practiced in a traditional Vietnamese wedding do not exist nowadays

**D.** Vietnamese people never ask a fortune teller the date and time of the marriage ceremony

**Question 50:** Which does not exist in a Vietnamese wedding party?

**A.** dishes **B.** firecrackers **C.** guests **D.** gifts

# Đáp án

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| **1-B** | **2-B** | **3-C** | **4-C** | **5-C** | **6-A** | **7-C** | **8-C** | **9-B** | **10-D** |
| **11-C** | **12-B** | **13-C** | **14-D** | **15-C** | **16-C** | **17-D** | **18-D** | **19-C** | **20-D** |
| **21-C** | **22-B** | **23-D** | **24-C** | **25-B** | **26-B** | **27-D** | **28-B** | **29-B** | **30-B** |
| **31-C** | **32-A** | **33-B** | **34-B** | **35-A** | **36-D** | **37-B** | **38-A** | **39-D** | **40-A** |
| **41-C** | **42-A** | **43-A** | **44-A** | **45-B** | **46-B** | **47-D** | **48-D** | **49-B** | **50-B** |