

## TEST 18\_300317

### I. (1-10) Choose the word or phrase that best fits the blank space in each sentence:

- 1/ The nation dress of Japanese women is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. Kimono      B. Ao dai      C. sari      D. Jeans
- 2/ My village lies near the \_\_\_\_\_ of the mountains.  
A. foot      B. leg      C. feet      D. legs
- 3/ If you study at university, you can live in a \_\_\_\_\_ on campus .  
A. mobile room      B. hotel      C. private room      D. dormitory
- 4/ Your teacher writes poems or stories, \_\_\_\_\_ he?  
A. don't      B. won't      C. didn't      D. doesn't
- 5/ In their country, people go to a \_\_\_\_\_ to pray .  
A. hotel      B. market      C. shrine      D. hostel
- 6/ My class was divided \_\_\_\_\_ three groups.  
A. between      B. among      C. into      D. for
- 7/ If Dinh An comes to England, it will be a good \_\_\_\_\_ for him to improve his English.  
A. possibility      B. opportunity      C. advantage      D. experience
- 8/ Anh huy stayed up late last night, \_\_\_\_\_ he feels tired and sleepy .  
A. since      B. so      C. because      D. both B and C
- 9/ It is \_\_\_\_\_ knowledge that you should drink more water when you have got flu.  
A. popular      B. widespread      C. updated      D. common
- 10/ What is this \_\_\_\_\_ of his shirt? Is it made of cotton?  
A. material      B. fashion      C. design      D. clothing

**Answer:**

1/ \_\_\_\_\_ 2/ \_\_\_\_\_ 3/ \_\_\_\_\_ 4/ \_\_\_\_\_ 5/ \_\_\_\_\_  
6/ \_\_\_\_\_ 7/ \_\_\_\_\_ 8/ \_\_\_\_\_ 9/ \_\_\_\_\_ 10/ \_\_\_\_\_

**II. (11-12) Choose the underlined word or phrase(A,B,C, or D) that needs correcting:**

11/ What is the different between floods and flash floods?

A B C D

12/ Higher than normal temperatures usually accompanies periods of drought.

A B C D

**Answer:**

11/ \_\_\_\_\_ 12/ \_\_\_\_\_

**III. (13-16) Use the correct tense or form of the verbs in parentheses.**

13/ Minh Tuan met his old friend while he \_\_\_\_\_ in Nha Trang. (work)

14/ Yesterday, we \_\_\_\_\_ five minutes late. ( arrive)

15/ Flowers should \_\_\_\_\_ in warm places. ( keep)

16/ What makes you \_\_\_\_\_ in the existence of UFOs? (believe)

**Answer:**

1/ \_\_\_\_\_ 2/ \_\_\_\_\_ 3/ \_\_\_\_\_ 4/ \_\_\_\_\_

**IV. (17-22) Use the correct form of the words in parentheses:**

17/ Many new cars have much lower fuel \_\_\_\_\_. ( consume)

18/ We have a fierce \_\_\_\_\_ in our traditions. ( proud)

19/ It was very \_\_\_\_\_ of you to leave matches where children could get them.  
(care )

20/ He enjoys the constant \_\_\_\_\_ with students from other classes.  
(interact)

21/ The palace was \_\_\_\_\_ damaged by the fire. ( extend)

22/ Some \_\_\_\_\_ groups have declared a boycott of tourism on the island . ( environment)

**Answer:**

1/ \_\_\_\_\_ 2/ \_\_\_\_\_ 3/ \_\_\_\_\_ 4/ \_\_\_\_\_ 5/ \_\_\_\_\_ 6/ \_\_\_\_\_

**V. (23-28) Choose the word or phrase that best fits the blank space in the following passage:**

The Chinese New Year is the most important holiday for the Chinese people. for the Chinese , the new year(23) \_\_\_\_\_ with the first day of the First Moon, (24) \_\_\_\_\_ January 21 and February 19. People prepare for the holiday for fifteen days

Finally, (25) \_\_\_\_\_ midnight it is New Year's Day or the first day of the First Moon, Yan Tan. People close the shops and the streets are empty. Everyone locks the doors and stayed at home.

It is an important time for the family. The younger people bow the older people. The Chinese call this K'ou T'ou or kowtow. This mean “ to touch the ground with the forehead”. Then, the younger people (26) \_\_\_\_\_ the older a happy New Year. The older people give children gifts of money in red envelopes. The family then goes to sleep.

In the morning, everything is quiet. People ( 27) \_\_\_\_\_ in their best clothes. They are very(28) \_\_\_\_\_ and do not use bad words. People stay at home. It is very quiet in the streets.

- 23/ A. gets                      B. comes                      C. begins                      D. ends
- 24/ A. between                B. in                              C. from                        D. on
- 25/ A. in                            B. at                              C. on                            D. to
- 26/ A. hope                        B. wish                        C. desire                      D. want
- 27/ A. dress                        B. wear                        C. put                            D. take
- 28/ A. important                B. worried                      C. polite                        D. impolite

**Answer:**

1/ \_\_\_\_\_ 2/ \_\_\_\_\_ 3/ \_\_\_\_\_ 4/ \_\_\_\_\_ 5/ \_\_\_\_\_ 6/ \_\_\_\_\_

**VI. (29-32) Read the dialogue and then decide whether the statements that follow are true or false. Write True or False in your answersheet:**

Switzerland is a small country in central Europe. The total land area of this tiny country is only 15,941 square miles ( 41,288km<sup>2</sup>). The estimated population of this European nation in 1984 was 6,392,000.

Because the nation is so small, you might think that there is only one nation language. However, you would be incorrect because there are three official languages. They are German, French and Italian. As a result, Switzerland has three official names: Schweiz (in German), Suisse (in French), and Svizzera ( in Italia). All national laws are published in these languages.

The three official languages plus Romansch are the four nation languages spoken in Switzerland. If you look on Swiss coins or postage stamps, you will not find name for this country in any of the national languages. Instead, you will find the word Helvetia, the Latin name for this country.

	True	False
29/ German, French and Italian Lightning are three official languages in Switzerland.	_____	_____
30/ Many people in Switzerland speak German, but probably only a very few speak Romansch.	_____	_____
31/ Italian is one of official languages in Switzerland.	_____	_____
32/ on Swiss coins, you will find the name Switzerland .	_____	_____

**VII. (33-36) Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them.**

33/ I am not English, which is why I have to take this exam.

→ If

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34/ She forgot her toothbrush when she was packing.

→ She didn't

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35/ In spite of having a terrible headache she went to work all the same.

→ She went to work although

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36/ He felt very nervous at the interview but he got the job.

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→ He got the job despite

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