

BÀI TẬP GIỚI HẠN DÃY SỐ TỔNG HỢP

Câu 1: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{n} & \quad \text{b). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+2}{n+1} & \quad \text{c). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2-3n+5}{2n^2-1} \\ \text{d). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^2+n-5}{2n^2+1} & \quad \text{e). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6n^3-2n+1}{2n^3-n} & \quad \text{f). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n^4-n^2+1}{(2n+1)(3-n)(n^2+2)}. \end{aligned}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\text{a) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) = 0.$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+2}{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + \frac{2}{n}}{1 + \frac{1}{n}} = 1. \quad (\text{Chia cả tử và mẫu cho } n)$$

c) Chia cả tử và mẫu cho n^2 được:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2-3n+5}{2n^2-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \frac{3n}{n^2} + \frac{5}{n^2}}{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \frac{3}{n} + \frac{5}{n^2}}{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$\text{d) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^2+n-5}{2n^2+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 + \frac{n}{n^2} - \frac{5}{n^2}}{2 + \frac{1}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{5}{n^2}}{2 + \frac{1}{n^2}} = \frac{3}{2}.$$

e) Chia cả tử và mẫu cho n^3 được:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6n^3-2n+1}{2n^3-n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6 - \frac{2n}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^3}}{2 - \frac{n}{n^3}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6 - \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^3}}{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}} = \frac{6}{2} = 3. \quad \text{f) } L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n^4-n^2+1}{(2n+1)(3-n)(n^2+2)}$$

$$\text{Ta có } 4n^4-n^2+1 = n^4 \left(\frac{4n^4-n^2+1}{n^4} \right) = n^4 \left(4 - \frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^4} \right); \quad 2n+1 = n \left(\frac{2n+1}{n} \right) = n \left(2 + \frac{1}{n} \right);$$

$$3-n = n \left(\frac{3-n}{n} \right) = n \left(\frac{3}{n} - 1 \right) \quad \text{và} \quad n^2+2 = n^2 \left(\frac{n^2+2}{n^2} \right) = n^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Từ đó ta có: } L &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n^4-n^2+1}{n \left(2 + \frac{1}{n} \right) n \left(\frac{3}{n} - 1 \right) n^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2} \right)} \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^4 \left(4 - \frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^4} \right)}{n^4 \left(2 + \frac{1}{n} \right) \left(\frac{3}{n} - 1 \right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2} \right)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 - \frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^4}}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{n} \right) \left(\frac{3}{n} - 1 \right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2} \right)} = \frac{4}{2 \cdot 1} = 2. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 2: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\text{a). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n^2+2)(n-1)^2}{(n+1)(2n+3)^2} \quad \text{b). } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2+2\sqrt{n}+3}{2n^2+n-\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\text{c). } \lim \frac{2n^3 - 11n + 1}{n^2 - 2} \qquad \text{d). } \lim \frac{(2n\sqrt{n} + 1)(\sqrt{n} + 3)}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\text{a). } \lim \frac{(n^2 + 2)(n-1)^2}{(n+1)(2n+3)^2} = \lim \frac{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2}\right) n^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2}{n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) n^2 \left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^2} = \lim \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$\text{b). } \lim \frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^2}}{2 + \frac{n}{n^2} - \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n^2}} = \lim \frac{1 + \frac{2}{n\sqrt{n}} + \frac{3}{n^2}}{2 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$\text{c). } \lim \frac{\frac{2n^3}{n^2} - \frac{11n}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} - \frac{2}{n^2}} = \lim \frac{2n - \frac{11}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}}{1 - \frac{2}{n^2}} = \lim 2n = +\infty.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d). } \lim \frac{(2n\sqrt{n} + 1)(\sqrt{n} + 3)}{(n+1)(n+2)} &= \lim \frac{n\sqrt{n} \left(\frac{2n\sqrt{n} + 1}{n\sqrt{n}}\right) \sqrt{n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n} + 3}{\sqrt{n}}\right)}{n \left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right) n \left(\frac{n+2}{n}\right)} \\ &= \lim \frac{n\sqrt{n} \left(2 + \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n}}\right) \sqrt{n} \left(1 + \frac{3}{\sqrt{n}}\right)}{n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) n \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} = \lim \frac{\left(2 + \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n}}\right) \left(1 + \frac{3}{\sqrt{n}}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} = \frac{2 \cdot 1}{1 \cdot 1} = 2. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 3: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{9n^2 - n + 1}}{4n - 2} & \qquad \text{b). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{2n^4 + 3n - 2}}{2n^2 - n + 3} \\ \text{c). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{2n+2} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} & \qquad \text{d). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{3n^2 + 1} - \sqrt{n^2 - 1}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\text{a). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{9n^2 - n + 1}}{4n - 2} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^2 \left(9 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)}}{n \left(4 - \frac{2}{n}\right)} = \lim \frac{n \sqrt{9 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}}}{n \left(4 - \frac{2}{n}\right)} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{9 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}}}{4 - \frac{2}{n}} = \frac{3}{2}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{2n^4 + 3n - 2}}{2n^2 - n + 3} &= \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^4 \left(2 + \frac{3}{n^3} - \frac{2}{n^4}\right)}}{n^2 \left(2 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{3}{n^2}\right)} \\ &= \lim \frac{n^2 \sqrt{2 + \frac{3}{n^3} - \frac{2}{n^4}}}{n^2 \left(2 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{3}{n^2}\right)} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{2 + \frac{3}{n^3} - \frac{2}{n^4}}}{2 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{3}{n^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{2n+2} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} &= \lim \frac{\sqrt{n\left(2+\frac{2}{n}\right)} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{n}\sqrt{2+\frac{2}{n}} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{n}\left(\sqrt{2+\frac{2}{n}} - 1\right)}{\sqrt{n}} \\ &= \lim \left(\sqrt{2+\frac{2}{n}} - 1\right) = \sqrt{2} - 1. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{3n^2+1} - \sqrt{n^2-1}}{n} &= \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^2\left(3+\frac{1}{n^2}\right)} - \sqrt{n^2\left(1-\frac{1}{n^2}\right)}}{n} \\ &= \lim \frac{n\sqrt{3+\frac{1}{n^2}} - n\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n^2}}}{n} = \lim \frac{n\left(\sqrt{3+\frac{1}{n^2}} - \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n^2}}\right)}{n} \\ &= \lim \left(\sqrt{3+\frac{1}{n^2}} - \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n^2}}\right) = \sqrt{3} - 1. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 4: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\text{a). } \lim \frac{3^n + 5 \cdot 4^n}{4^n + 2^n} \quad \text{b). } \lim \frac{3^n - 2 \cdot 5^n}{7 + 3 \cdot 5^n} \quad \text{c). } \lim \frac{2^n - 3^n + 5^{n+2}}{2^{n+1} + 3^{n+2} + 5^{n+1}} \quad \text{d). } \lim \frac{4 \cdot 3^n + 5^{n+1}}{3 \cdot 2^n + 5^n}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\text{a). } \lim \frac{3^n + 5 \cdot 4^n}{4^n + 2^n} = \lim \frac{\frac{3^n}{4^n} + \frac{5 \cdot 4^n}{4^n}}{\frac{4^n}{4^n} + \frac{2^n}{4^n}} = \lim \frac{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n + 5}{1 + \left(\frac{2}{4}\right)^n} = \frac{5}{1} = 5.$$

$$\text{b). } \lim \frac{3^n - 2 \cdot 5^n}{7 + 3 \cdot 5^n} = \lim \frac{\frac{3^n}{5^n} - \frac{2 \cdot 5^n}{5^n}}{\frac{7}{5^n} + \frac{3 \cdot 5^n}{5^n}} = \lim \frac{\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n - 2}{\frac{7}{5^n} + 3} = -\frac{2}{3}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim \frac{2^n - 3^n + 5^{n+2}}{2^{n+1} + 3^{n+2} + 5^{n+1}} &= \lim \frac{2^n - 3^n + 5^2 \cdot 5^n}{2 \cdot 2^n + 3^2 \cdot 3^n + 5 \cdot 5^n} \\ &= \lim \frac{\frac{2^n}{5^n} - \frac{3^n}{5^n} + \frac{5^2 \cdot 5^n}{5^n}}{\frac{2 \cdot 2^n}{5^n} + \frac{3^2 \cdot 3^n}{5^n} + \frac{5 \cdot 5^n}{5^n}} = \lim \frac{\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^n - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n + 25}{2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^n + 9 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n + 5} = 5. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{d). } \lim \frac{4 \cdot 3^n + 5^{n+1}}{3 \cdot 2^n + 5^n} = \lim \frac{4 \cdot 3^n + 5 \cdot 5^n}{3 \cdot 2^n + 5^n} = \lim \frac{\frac{4 \cdot 3^n}{5^n} + \frac{5 \cdot 5^n}{5^n}}{\frac{3 \cdot 2^n}{5^n} + \frac{5^n}{5^n}} = \lim \frac{4 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n + 5}{3 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^n + 1} = 5.$$

Câu 5: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\text{a). } \lim \frac{2^n + (-5)^n}{2 \cdot 3^n + 3 \cdot (-5)^n} \quad \text{b). } \lim \frac{\sqrt{9^n + 1}}{3^n - 1} \quad \text{c). } \lim \frac{(-1)^n \cdot 2^{5n+1}}{3^{5n+2}} \quad \text{d). } \lim \frac{n + \sqrt{n^2 + 1}}{n \cdot 3^n}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$a). \lim \frac{2^n + (-5)^n}{2 \cdot 3^n + 3 \cdot (-5)^n} = \lim \frac{\frac{2^n}{(-5)^n} + \frac{(-5)^n}{(-5)^n}}{\frac{2 \cdot 3^n}{(-5)^n} + \frac{3 \cdot (-5)^n}{(-5)^n}} = \lim \frac{\left(\frac{-2}{5}\right)^n + 1}{2 \cdot \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right)^n + 3} = \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$b). \lim \frac{\sqrt{9^n + 1}}{3^n - 1} = \lim \frac{\frac{\sqrt{9^n - 1}}{3^n}}{\frac{3^n - 1}{3^n}} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{9^n}}}{1 - \frac{1}{3^n}} = 1.$$

$$c). \lim \frac{(-1)^n \cdot 2^{5n+1}}{3^{5n+2}} = \lim \frac{(-1)^n \cdot 2 \cdot 2^{5n}}{3^2 \cdot 3^{5n}} = \lim \frac{(-1) \cdot 2}{9} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{5n} = 0.$$

$$d). L = \lim \frac{n + \sqrt{n^2 + 1}}{n \cdot 3^n} = \lim \frac{\frac{n + \sqrt{n^2 + 1}}{n}}{\frac{n \cdot 3^n}{n}} = \lim \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}}{3^n} = \lim \frac{1}{3^n} \left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}\right). \text{ Có } \lim \frac{1}{n^2} = 0 \text{ nên}$$

$$\lim \left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}\right) = 2 \text{ và } \lim \frac{1}{3^n} = 0. \text{ Do đó } L = 0.$$

Câu 6: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$a). \lim \frac{n^2 + 4n - 5}{3n^3 + n^2 + 7} \quad b). \lim \frac{-2n^2 + n + 2}{3n^4 + 5} \quad c). \lim \frac{\sqrt{2n^2 - n}}{1 - 3n^2} \quad d). \lim \left(\frac{\sin 3n}{4n} - 1\right)$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$a). \lim \frac{n^2 + 4n - 5}{3n^3 + n^2 + 7} = \lim \frac{1 + \frac{4}{n} - \frac{5}{n^2}}{3n + 1 + \frac{7}{n}} = \lim \frac{1}{3n + 1} = 0.$$

$$b). \lim \frac{-2n^2 + n + 2}{3n^4 + 5} = \lim \frac{-2 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{2}{n^2}}{3n^2 + \frac{5}{n^2}} = \lim \frac{-2}{3n^2} = 0.$$

$$c). \lim \frac{\sqrt{2n^2 - n}}{1 - 3n^2} = \lim \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2n^2 - n}}{n}}{\frac{1}{n} - 3n} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{n}}}{\frac{1}{n} - 3n} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{2}}{-3n} = 0.$$

$$d). \lim \left(\frac{\sin 3n}{4n} - 1\right) = \lim \frac{\sin 3n}{4n} - 1$$

$$\text{Ta có: } -1 \leq \sin 3n \leq 1 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{1}{4n} \leq \frac{\sin 3n}{4n} \leq \frac{1}{4n}$$

$$\text{Mà: } \lim \left(-\frac{1}{4n}\right) = \lim \frac{1}{4n} = 0 \Rightarrow \lim \frac{\sin 3n}{4n} = 0. \text{ Vậy } \lim \left(\frac{\sin 3n}{4n} - 1\right) = -1.$$

Câu 7: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$a). \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{3n+2} - \sqrt{2n+1}} \quad b). \lim \frac{5}{4^n + 2^n} \quad c). \lim \frac{3^n + 5 \cdot 4^n}{7^n + 2^n} \quad d). \lim \frac{(-5)^n + 4^n}{(-7)^{n+1} + 4^{n+1}}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{3n+2} - \sqrt{2n+1}} &= \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n\left(3+\frac{2}{n}\right)} - \sqrt{n\left(2+\frac{1}{n}\right)}} \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}\left(\sqrt{3+\frac{2}{n}} - \sqrt{2+\frac{1}{n}}\right)} = \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})} = 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b). } \lim \frac{5}{4^n + 2^n} = \lim \frac{5 \cdot \frac{1}{4^n}}{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n} = 0. \text{ Do } \lim \frac{1}{4^n} = \lim \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n = 0 \text{ và } \lim \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n = 0.$$

$$\text{c). } \lim \frac{3^n + 5 \cdot 4^n}{7^n + 2^n} = \lim \frac{4^n \left(\frac{3^n}{4^n} + 5\right)}{7^n \left(1 + \frac{2^n}{7^n}\right)} = \lim \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^n \frac{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n + 5}{1 + \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^n} = 0. \text{ Do } \lim \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n = 0, \lim \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^n = 0 \text{ nên}$$

$$\lim \frac{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n + 5}{1 + \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^n} = 5 \text{ và } \lim \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^n = 0. \text{ Nên } \lim u_n = 0.$$

$$\text{d). } \lim \frac{(-5)^n + 4^n}{(-7)^{n+1} + 4^{n+1}} = \lim \frac{(-5)^n \left(1 + \frac{4^n}{(-5)^n}\right)}{(-7)^n \left(-7 + \frac{4 \cdot 4^n}{(-7)^n}\right)} = \lim \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^n \cdot \frac{1 + \left(\frac{-4}{5}\right)^n}{-7 + 4 \cdot \left(\frac{-4}{7}\right)^n}. \text{ Do } \lim \left(\frac{-4}{5}\right)^n = \lim \left(\frac{-4}{7}\right)^n = 0$$

$$\text{nên } \lim \frac{1 + \left(\frac{-4}{5}\right)^n}{-7 + 4 \cdot \left(\frac{-4}{7}\right)^n} = -\frac{1}{7} \text{ và } \lim \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^n = 0.$$

Từ đó suy ra $\lim u_n = 0$.

Câu 8: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim (\sqrt{n^2 - n} - n) & \quad \text{b). } \lim (\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - n) \\ \text{c). } \lim (\sqrt{4n^2 + n} - \sqrt{4n^2 + 2}) & \quad \text{d). } \lim \left[n(\sqrt{n^2 + 1} - \sqrt{n^2 + 2}) \right] \end{aligned}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim (\sqrt{n^2 - n} - n) &= \lim \frac{n^2 - n - n^2}{\sqrt{n^2 - n} + n} \\ &= \lim \frac{-n}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} + n} = \lim \frac{-n}{n \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n}} + 1\right)} = \lim \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n}} + 1} = \frac{1}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b). } \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - n \right) &= \lim \frac{n^2 + n + 1 - n^2}{\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} + n} \\ &= \lim \frac{n + 1}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)} + n} = \lim \frac{n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)}{n \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 1 \right)} = \lim \frac{1 + \frac{1}{n}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 1} = \frac{1}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim \left(\sqrt{4n^2 + n} - \sqrt{4n^2 + 2} \right) &= \lim \frac{4n^2 - (4n^2 + 2)}{\sqrt{4n^2 + n} + \sqrt{4n^2 + 2}} \\ &= \lim \frac{n - 2}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(4 + \frac{1}{n} \right)} + \sqrt{n^2 \left(4 + \frac{2}{n^2} \right)}} = \lim \frac{n - 2}{n \sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{n}} + n \sqrt{4 + \frac{2}{n^2}}} \\ &= \lim \frac{n \left(1 - \frac{2}{n} \right)}{n \left(\sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{n}} + \sqrt{4 + \frac{2}{n^2}} \right)} = \lim \frac{1 - \frac{2}{n}}{\sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{n}} + \sqrt{4 + \frac{2}{n^2}}} = \frac{1}{4}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d). } \lim \left[n \left(\sqrt{n^2 + 1} - \sqrt{n^2 + 2} \right) \right] &= \lim \frac{n \left[(n^2 + 1) - (n^2 + 2) \right]}{\sqrt{n^2 + 1} + \sqrt{n^2 + 2}} \\ &= \lim \frac{-n}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)} + \sqrt{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2} \right)}} = \lim \frac{-n}{n \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}} \right)} \\ &= \lim \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}}} = \lim \frac{-1}{1 + 1} = -\frac{1}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 9: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + 2n} - n + 3 \right) & \quad \text{b). } \lim \left(\sqrt{4n^2 + 3n + 1} - 2n + 1 \right) \\ \text{c). } \lim \left(1 + n^2 - \sqrt{n^4 + 3n + 1} \right) & \quad \text{d). } \lim \left[n \left(\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n} \right) \right]. \end{aligned}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + 2n} - n + 3 \right) &= \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + 2n} - n \right) + 3 \\ &= \lim \frac{n^2 + 2n - n^2}{\sqrt{n^2 + 2n} + n} + 3 = \lim \frac{2n}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n} \right)} + n} + 3 \\ &= \lim \frac{2n}{n \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n}} + 1 \right)} + 3 = \lim \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n}} + 1} + 3 = \frac{2}{1 + 1} + 3 = 4. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b). } \lim \left(\sqrt{4n^2 + 3n + 1} - 2n + 1 \right) = \lim \left(\sqrt{4n^2 + 3n + 1} - 2n \right) + 1$$

$$= \lim \frac{4n^2 + 3n + 1 - 4n^2}{\sqrt{4n^2 + 3n + 1} + 2n} + 1 = \lim \frac{3n + 1}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(4 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)} + 2n} + 1 = \frac{3}{2+2} + 1 = \frac{7}{4}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim \left(1 + n^2 - \sqrt{n^4 + 3n + 1}\right) &= 1 + \lim \left(n^2 - \sqrt{n^4 + 3n + 1}\right) \\ &= 1 + \lim \frac{n^4 - (n^4 + 3n + 1)}{n^2 + \sqrt{n^4 + 3n + 1}} = 1 + \lim \frac{-3n - 1}{n^2 + \sqrt{n^4 \left(1 + \frac{3}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^4}\right)}} \\ &= 1 + \lim \frac{n \left(-3 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{3}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^4}}\right)} = 1 + \lim \frac{-3}{n} = 1 + 0 = 1. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d). } \lim \left[n \left(\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}\right)\right] &= \lim \frac{n(n+1-n)}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n}} \\ &= \lim \frac{n}{\sqrt{n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \sqrt{n}} = \lim \frac{n}{\sqrt{n} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}} + 1\right)} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2} = +\infty. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 10: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n+2} - \sqrt[3]{n}\right) & \quad \text{b). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n-n^3} + n + 2\right) \\ \text{c). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{2n-n^3} + n - 1\right) & \quad \text{d). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 - 2n^2} - n - 1\right) \end{aligned}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n+2} - \sqrt[3]{n}\right) &= \lim \frac{n+2-n}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n+2}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n+2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{n} + \left(\sqrt[3]{n}\right)^2} \\ &= \lim \frac{2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \cdot \sqrt[3]{n} + \left(\sqrt[3]{n}\right)^2} \\ &= \lim \frac{2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n}\right)^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n}}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n}} + 1\right]} = \lim \frac{2}{3\left(\sqrt[3]{n}\right)^2} = 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n-n^3} + n + 2\right) &= \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n-n^3} + n\right) + 2 \\ &= \lim \frac{n-n^3+n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n-n^3}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{n-n^3} \cdot n + n^2} + 2 = \lim \frac{n}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{1}{n^2} - 1\right)}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{1}{n^2} - 1\right)} \cdot n + n^2} + 2 \\ &= \lim \frac{n}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{n^2} - 1}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^2} - 1} + 1\right]} + 2 = \lim \frac{1}{3n} + 2 = 0 + 2 = 2. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{2n-n^3} + n - 1 \right) &= \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{2n-n^3} + n \right) - 1 \\ &= \lim \frac{2n - n^3 + n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{2n-n^3} \right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{2n-n^3} \cdot n + n^2} - 1 = \lim \frac{2n}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{2}{n^2} - 1 \right)} \right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{2}{n^2} - 1 \right)} \cdot n + n^2} - 1 \\ &= \lim \frac{2n}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{n^2} - 1} \right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{n^2} - 1} + 1 \right]} - 1 = \lim \frac{2}{3n} - 1 = 0 - 1 = -1. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 - 2n^2} - n - 1 \right) &= \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 - 2n^2} - n \right) - 1 \\ &= \lim \frac{n^3 - 2n^2 - n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 - 2n^2} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n^3 - 2n^2} \cdot n + n^2} - 1 = \lim \frac{-2n^2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(1 - \frac{2}{n} \right)} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(1 - \frac{2}{n} \right)} \cdot n + n^2} - 1 \\ &= \lim \frac{-2n^2}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{2}{n}} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{2}{n}} + 1 \right]} - 1 = \lim \frac{-2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{2}{n}} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{2}{n}} + 1} - 1 = -\frac{2}{3} + 1 = \frac{1}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 11: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

a). $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} + 5 - 2n \right)$ b) $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} + \sqrt[3]{5n^2 - 8n^3} \right)$ c) $\lim \left[n \cdot \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 + n} - n \right) \right]$
 d). $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 2n^2 - 1} + 3 - 2n \right)$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} + 5 - 2n \right) &= \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} - 2n \right) + 5 \\ &= \lim \frac{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2 - 8n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} \cdot 2n + 4n^2} + 5 \\ &= \lim \frac{3n^2 - 2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3} \right)} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3} \right)} \cdot 2n + 4n^2} + 5 \\ &= \lim \frac{n^2 \left(3 - \frac{2}{n^2} \right)}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}} \cdot 2 + 4 \right]} + 5 \\ &= \lim \frac{3 - \frac{2}{n^2}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}} \cdot 2 + 4} + 5 = \frac{3}{4 + 4 + 4} + 5 = \frac{1}{4} + 5 = \frac{21}{4}. \end{aligned}$$

b). $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} + \sqrt[3]{5n^2 - 8n^3} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \frac{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2 + 5n^2 - 8n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 - 2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{5n^2 - 8n^3} + \left(\sqrt[3]{5n^2 - 8n^3}\right)^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{8n^2 - 2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}\right)}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}\right)} \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{5}{n} - 8\right)} + \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{5}{n} - 8\right)}\right)^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n^2 \left(8 - \frac{2}{n^2}\right)}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^2}}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^2}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{n} - 8} + \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{n} - 8}\right)^2\right]} \\
 &= \lim \frac{8 - \frac{2}{n^2}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^2}}\right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^2}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{n} - 8} + \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{n} - 8}\right)^2} = \frac{8}{4+4+4} = \frac{2}{3}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } \lim \left[n \cdot \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 + n} - n\right) \right] &= \lim \frac{n(n^3 + n - n^3)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 + n}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n^3 + n} \cdot n + n^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n^2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2}\right)}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(1 + \frac{2}{n^2}\right)} \cdot n + n^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n^2}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}} + 1\right]} = \lim \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}} + 1} = \frac{1}{3}.
 \end{aligned}$$

d). Hoàn toàn tương tự câu a).

Câu 12: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a). } \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2} - \sqrt{n+1}} & \quad \text{b). } \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{3n^2 + 2n} - \sqrt{3n^2 + 1}} \\
 \text{c). } \lim \left(n + \sqrt[3]{1 - n^3} \right) & \quad \text{d) } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 + 4} - 2n + 1 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a). } \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2} - \sqrt{n+1}} &= \lim \frac{\sqrt{n+2} + \sqrt{n+1}}{n+2 - (n+1)} \\
 &= \lim \left(\sqrt{n \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \sqrt{n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \right) = \lim \sqrt{n} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}} \right) \\
 &= \lim \left(2\sqrt{n} \right) = +\infty.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b). } \lim \frac{1}{\sqrt{3n^2 + 2n} - \sqrt{3n^2 + 1}} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{3n^2 + 2n} + \sqrt{3n^2 + 1}}{(3n^2 + 2n) - (3n^2 + 1)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^2 \left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \sqrt{n^2 \left(3 + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)}}{2n-1} = \lim \frac{n \left(\sqrt{3 + \frac{2}{n}} + \sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{n^2}} \right)}{n \left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\sqrt{3 + \frac{2}{n}} + \sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{n^2}}}{2 - \frac{1}{n}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{3}.$$

$$c). \lim \left(n + \sqrt[3]{1-n^3} \right) = \lim \frac{n^3 + 1 - n^3}{n^2 - n\sqrt[3]{1-n^3} + \left(\sqrt[3]{1-n^3}\right)^2}$$

$$= \lim \frac{1}{n^2 - n\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{1}{n^3} - 1\right)} + \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{1}{n^3} - 1\right)}\right)^2}$$

$$= \lim \frac{1}{n^2 \left[1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^3} - 1} + \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^3} - 1}\right)^2 \right]} = \lim \frac{1}{3n^2} = 0.$$

$$d). \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 + 4} - 2n + 1 \right) = \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 + 4} - 2n \right) + 1$$

$$= \lim \frac{8n^3 + 3n^2 + 4 - 8n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 + 4}\right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8n^3 + 3n^2 + 4} \cdot 2n + 4n^2} + 1$$

$$= \lim \frac{3n^2 + 4}{n^2 \left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{4}{n^3}}\right)^2 + 2n^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{4}{n^3}} + 4n^2} + 1$$

$$= \lim \frac{n^2 \left(3 + \frac{4}{n^2}\right)}{n^2 \left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{4}{n^3}}\right)^2 + 2n^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{4}{n^3}} + 4n^2} + 1$$

$$= \lim \frac{3 + \frac{4}{n^2}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{4}{n^3}}\right)^2 + 2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{4}{n^3}} + 4} + 1 = \frac{1}{4} + 1 = \frac{5}{4}.$$

Câu 13*: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$a) \lim \frac{\sqrt{4n^2 + 1} - 2n}{\sqrt{n^2 + 4n + 1} - n}$$

$$b) \lim \frac{\sqrt{4n^2 + 1} - 2n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3 + 4n + 1} - n}$$

$$c) \lim \frac{n \left(\sqrt[3]{4 - n^3} + n\right)}{\sqrt{4n^2 + 1} - 2n}$$

$$d) \lim \frac{n^2 + \sqrt[3]{1 - n^6}}{\sqrt{n^4 + 1} - n^2}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$a) \lim \frac{\sqrt{4n^2+1}-2n}{\sqrt{n^2+4n+1}-n}$$

$$\text{Ta có: } \sqrt{4n^2+1}-2n = \frac{4n^2+1-4n^2}{\sqrt{4n^2+1}+2n} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4n^2+1}+2n}$$

$$\text{Ta có: } \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+4n+1}-n} = \frac{\sqrt{n^2+4n+1}+n}{n^2+4n+1-n^2} = \frac{\sqrt{n^2+4n+1}+n}{4n+1}$$

$$\text{Vậy } \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^2+4n+1}+n}{(\sqrt{4n^2+1}+2n)(2n+1)} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^2\left(1+\frac{4}{n}+\frac{1}{n^2}\right)}+n}{\left(\sqrt{n^2\left(4+\frac{1}{n^2}\right)}+2n\right)(2n+1)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{n\left[\sqrt{1+\frac{4}{n}+\frac{1}{n^2}}+1\right]}{n\left(\sqrt{4+\frac{1}{n^2}}+2\right)n\left(2+\frac{1}{n}\right)} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{4}{n}+\frac{1}{n^2}}+1}{n\left(\sqrt{4+\frac{1}{n^2}}+2\right)\left(2+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{2}{n(2+2)2} = \lim \frac{1}{4n} = 0.$$

$$b) \lim \frac{\sqrt{4n^2+1}-2n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+4n+1}-n} = \lim \frac{(4n^2+1-4n^2)\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3+4n+1}\right)^2+n\sqrt[3]{n^3+4n+1}+n^2\right]}{(\sqrt{4n^2+1}+2n)(n^3+4n+1-n^3)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3\left(1+\frac{4}{n^2}+\frac{1}{n^3}\right)}\right)^2+n\sqrt[3]{n^3\left(1+\frac{4}{n^2}+\frac{1}{n^3}\right)}+n^2}{\left(\sqrt{n^2\left(4+\frac{1}{n^2}\right)}+2n\right)(4n+1)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{n^2\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{4}{n^2}+\frac{1}{n^3}}\right)^2+\sqrt{1+\frac{4}{n^2}+\frac{1}{n^3}}+1\right]}{n\left(\sqrt{4+\frac{1}{n^2}}+2\right)n\left(4+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\left(\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{4}{n^2}+\frac{1}{n^3}}\right)^2+\sqrt{1+\frac{4}{n^2}+\frac{1}{n^3}}+1}{\left(\sqrt{4+\frac{1}{n^2}}+2\right)\left(4+\frac{1}{n}\right)} = \lim \frac{1+1+1}{(2+2)4} = \frac{3}{16}.$$

$$c) \lim \frac{n(\sqrt[3]{4-n^3}+n)}{\sqrt{4n^2+1}-2n} = \lim \frac{n(4-n^3+n^3)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{4-n^3}\right)^2-n\sqrt[3]{4-n^3}+n^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4n^2+1}+2n}{4n^2+1-4n^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \frac{4n \left[\sqrt{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)} + 2n \right]}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{4}{n^3} - 1 \right)} \right)^2 - n \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{4}{n^3} - 1 \right)} + n^2} = \lim \frac{4n^2 \left(\sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 2 \right)}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{n^3} - 1} \right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{n^3} - 1} + 1 \right]} \\
 &= \lim \frac{4 \left(\sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 2 \right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{n^3} - 1} \right)^2 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{n^3} - 1} + 1} = \frac{4(2+2)}{1+1+1} = \frac{16}{3}.
 \end{aligned}$$

d). $\lim \frac{n^2 + \sqrt[3]{1-n^6}}{\sqrt{n^4+1} - n^2} = \lim \frac{n^6 + 1 - n^6}{n^4 - n^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{1-n^6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{n^4+1} + n^2}{n^4 + 1 - n^4}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^4+1} + n^2}{n^4 - n^2 \sqrt[3]{1-n^6} + \left(\sqrt[3]{1-n^6} \right)^2} = \lim \frac{\sqrt{n^4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^4} \right)} + n^2}{n^4 - n^2 \sqrt[3]{1-n^6} + \left(\sqrt[3]{1-n^6} \right)^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n^2 \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n^4}} + 1 \right)}{n^4 \left[1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^6} - 1} + \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^6} - 1} \right)^2 \right]} = \lim \frac{2}{3n^2} = 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

Câu 14: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

a). $\lim \frac{1+2+3+\dots+n}{3n^2+1}$ b). $\lim \frac{1+3+5+7+\dots+(2n-1)}{n^2+3n+1}$

c). $\lim \frac{2+5+8+\dots+(3n-1)}{4n^2+1}$ d). $\lim \frac{1+2+2^2+2^3+\dots+2^n}{1+3+3^2+3^3+\dots+3^n}$

e). $\lim \left[\frac{1}{1\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n+1}+(n+1)\sqrt{n}} \right]$

LỜI GIẢI

a). $\lim \frac{1+2+3+\dots+n}{3n^2+1}$ (1). Ta có: $1+2+3+\dots+n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ (đã chứng minh bằng phương pháp quy nạp ở chương III).

Vậy (1) $\Leftrightarrow \lim \frac{\frac{n(n+1)}{2}}{3n^2+1} = \lim \frac{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)}{n^2 \left(3 + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)} = \lim \frac{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}{2 \left(3 + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)} = \frac{1}{6}$.

b). $\lim \frac{1+3+5+7+\dots+(2n-1)}{n^2+3n+1}$ (1)

Ta có: $1+3+5+7+\dots+(2n-1) = n^2$ (đã chứng minh bằng phương pháp quy nạp ở chương III).

Vậy (1) $\Leftrightarrow \lim \frac{n^2}{n^2+3n+1} = \lim \frac{1}{1 + \frac{3}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} = 1$.

$$c) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2+5+8+\dots+(3n-1)}{4n^2+1} \quad (1)$$

Ta có dãy số: $2; 5; 8; \dots; (3n-1)$ là một cấp số cộng với $u_1 = 2, u_2 = 5 \Rightarrow d = 3$. Số hạng tổng quát:

$$u_m = u_1 + (m-1)d \Leftrightarrow 3n-1 = 2 + (m-1) \cdot 3$$

$\Leftrightarrow 3n-1 = 3m-1 \Leftrightarrow n = m \Rightarrow$ cấp số cộng có n số hạng.

$$S_n = \frac{n[2u_1 + (n-1)d]}{2} = \frac{n[4 + (n-1)3]}{2} = \frac{n(3n+1)}{2}$$

$$(1) \Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}{4n^2+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 + \frac{1}{n}}{2\left(4 + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$d) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2+2^2+2^3+\dots+2^n}{1+3+3^2+3^3+\dots+3^n} \quad (1)$$

Ta có: $1, 2, 2^2, 2^3, \dots, 2^n$ là một dãy số thuộc cấp số nhân, với $u_1 = 1, q = 2$.

Số hạng tổng quát: $u_m = 2^m = u_1 \cdot q^{m-1} \Leftrightarrow 2^n = 2^{m-1} \Leftrightarrow n = m-1 \Rightarrow m = n+1$.

Vậy cấp số nhân này có $(n+1)$ số hạng

$$S_m = u_1 \cdot \frac{1-q^m}{1-q} = \frac{1-2^{n+1}}{1-2} = 2^{n+1} - 1$$

Tương tự ta tính được: $1+3+3^2+3^3+\dots+3^n = \frac{3^{n+1}-1}{2}$.

$$(1) \Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n+1}-1}{3^{n+1}-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2 \frac{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n+1} - \frac{1}{3^{n+1}}}{1 - \frac{1}{3^{n+1}}} = 2 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$e). L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{1\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n+1}+(n+1)\sqrt{n}} \right]$$

$$\text{Ta có: } \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n+1}+(n+1)\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n+1}(\sqrt{n}+\sqrt{n+1})} = \frac{\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n+1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}}$$

$$\text{Vậy: } \frac{1}{1\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{n\sqrt{n+1}+(n+1)\sqrt{n}} \\ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} = 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}}$$

$$\text{Vậy } L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right) = 1$$

Câu 15: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{a) } \lim \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n}}{1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \dots + \frac{1}{3^n}} & \text{b) } \lim \frac{\sqrt{1+4+7+\dots+(3n+1)}}{2n^2 + \sqrt{n^4 + 2n+1}} \quad \text{c)} \\
 \lim \left[\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{3.5} + \dots + \frac{1}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} \right] & \text{d) } \lim \left[\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{2.4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+2)} \right]
 \end{array}$$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\text{a) } \lim \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n}}{1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \dots + \frac{1}{3^n}} \quad (1)$$

Ta tính tổng: $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n}$. Ta có: $u_1 = 1, u_2 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow q = \frac{u_2}{u_1} = \frac{1}{2}$.

Số hạng tổng quát: $u_m = \frac{1}{2^m} = u_1 \cdot q^{m-1}$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2^n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{m-1} \Leftrightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{m-1} \Leftrightarrow n = m-1 \Leftrightarrow m = n+1.$$

$$S_m = u_1 \cdot \frac{q^m - 1}{q - 1} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{m+1} - 1}{\frac{1}{2} - 1} = \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) \cdot 2.$$

Tương tự tổng: $1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} + \dots + \frac{1}{3^n} = \frac{3}{2} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1}\right)$

$$\text{Vậy (1)} \Leftrightarrow \lim \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2^{n+1}}\right) \cdot 2}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{3^{n+1}}\right) \cdot \frac{3}{2}} = \frac{2}{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{4}{3}.$$

$$\text{b) } \lim \frac{\sqrt{1+4+7+\dots+(3n+1)}}{2n^2 + \sqrt{n^4 + 2n+1}}$$

Ta tính tổng: $1+4+7+\dots+(3n+1)$. Ta có: $u_1 = 1, u_2 = 4 \Rightarrow d = u_2 - u_1 = 3$

Số hạng tổng quát: $u_m = 3n+1 = u_1 + (m-1)d$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3n+1 = 1 + (m-1)3 \Leftrightarrow 3n+1 = 3m-2 \Rightarrow m = n+1$$

$$S_m = \frac{m}{2} [2m + (m-1)d] = \frac{n+1}{2} (2+3n) = \frac{(n+1)(3n+2)}{2}$$

$$\text{Vậy: } \lim \frac{\frac{(n+1)(3n+2)}{2}}{2n^2 + \sqrt{n^4 + 2n+1}} = \lim \frac{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}{n^2 \left(4 + 2\sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^4}}\right)}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}{4 + 2\sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^4}}} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim & \left[\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{3.5} + \dots + \frac{1}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} \right] \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2}{1.3} + \frac{2}{3.5} + \dots + \frac{2}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} \right] \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3-1}{1.3} + \frac{5-3}{3.5} + \dots + \frac{(2n+1)-(2n-1)}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} \right] \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n-1} - \frac{1}{2n+1} \right) \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2n+1} \right) = \frac{1}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d). } \lim & \left[\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{2.4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+2)} \right] \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2}{1.3} + \frac{2}{2.4} + \dots + \frac{2}{n(n+2)} \right] \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3-1}{1.3} + \frac{4-2}{2.4} + \dots + \frac{n+2-n}{n(n+2)} \right] \\ &= \lim \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+2} \right) = \lim \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

Câu 16: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

a). $\lim (3n - 5 - \sqrt{9n^2 + 1})$ b). $\lim (\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - \sqrt[3]{n^3 + n^2})$ c). $\lim (\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} - \sqrt{4n^2 - n + 5})$ d).

$$\lim \frac{(n+1)^4 - (n-1)^4}{(n+1)^4 + (n-1)^4}$$

e). $\lim \frac{(2n+1)^4 - (n-1)^4}{(2n+1)^4 + (n-1)^4}$

f). $\lim \frac{(\sqrt{n^2 + 1} + n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^6 + 1}}$

LỜI GIẢI

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim (3n - 5 - \sqrt{9n^2 + 1}) &= \lim (3n - \sqrt{9n^2 + 1}) - 5 \\ &= \lim \frac{9n^2 - (9n^2 + 1)}{3n + \sqrt{9n^2 + 1}} - 5 = \lim \frac{-1}{3n + \sqrt{9 + \frac{1}{n^2}}} - 5 \\ &= \lim \frac{-1}{6n} - 5 = 0 - 5 = -5. \end{aligned}$$

b). $\lim (\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - \sqrt[3]{n^3 + n^2})$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - n + n - \sqrt[3]{n^3 + n^2} \right) \\
 &= \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - n \right) + \lim \left(n - \sqrt[3]{n^3 + n^2} \right) \\
 &= \lim \frac{n^2 + n + 1 - n^2}{\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} + n} + \lim \frac{n^3 - (n^3 + n^2)}{n^2 + n\sqrt[3]{n^3 + n^2} + (\sqrt[3]{n^3 + n^2})^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n + 1}{\sqrt{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)} + n} + \lim \frac{-n^2}{n^2 + n\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)} + \left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)} \right)^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)}{n^2 \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 1 \right)} + \lim \frac{-n^2}{n^2 \left[1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{1}{n}} + \left(\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{1}{n}} \right)^2 \right]} \\
 &= \lim \frac{1 + \frac{1}{n}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} + 1} + \lim \frac{-1}{1 + \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{1}{n}} + \left(\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{1}{n}} \right)^2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}.
 \end{aligned}$$

c). $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} - \sqrt{4n^2 - n + 5} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} - 2n + 2n - \sqrt{4n^2 - n + 5} \right) \\
 &= \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} - 2n \right) + \lim \left(2n - \sqrt{4n^2 - n + 5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

- Tính $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} - 2n \right) = \lim \frac{8n^3 + n^2 - 8n^3}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8n^3 + n^2} \cdot 2n + 4n^2}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \frac{n^2}{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(8 + \frac{1}{n} \right)} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(8 + \frac{1}{n} \right)} \cdot 2n + 4n^2} \\
 &= \lim \frac{n^2}{n^2 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{1}{n}} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{1}{n}} \cdot 2 + 4 \right]} = \lim \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{1}{n}} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{8 + \frac{1}{n}} \cdot 2 + 4} = \frac{1}{12}.
 \end{aligned}$$

- Tính $\lim \left(2n - \sqrt{4n^2 - n + 5} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim \frac{4n^2 - (4n^2 - n + 5)}{2n + \sqrt{4n^2 - n + 5}} = \lim \frac{n - 5}{2n + \sqrt{n^2 \left(4 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{5}{n^2} \right)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim \frac{n \left(1 - \frac{5}{n}\right)}{n \left(2 + \sqrt{4 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{5}{n^2}}\right)} = \lim \frac{1 - \frac{5}{n}}{2 + \sqrt{4 - \frac{1}{n} + \frac{5}{n^2}}} = \frac{1}{4}.$$

Vậy giới hạn cần tìm là: $\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$.

$$d). \lim \frac{(n+1)^4 - (n-1)^4}{(n+1)^4 + (n-1)^4} = \lim \frac{[(n+1)^2 - (n-1)^2] \cdot [(n+1)^2 + (n-1)^2]}{(n+1)^4 + (n-1)^4}$$

$$= \lim \frac{[(n+1) - (n-1)][(n+1) + (n-1)][(n+1)^2 + (n-1)^2]}{(n+1)^4 + (n-1)^4}$$

$$= \lim \frac{4n \left[n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 + n^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 \right]}{n^4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 + n^4 \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^4} = \lim \frac{4n^3 \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 \right]}{n^4 \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 \right]} = \lim \frac{8}{2n} = 0.$$

$$e). \lim \frac{(2n+1)^4 - (n-1)^4}{(2n+1)^4 + (n-1)^4} = \lim \frac{n^4 \left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 - n^4 \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^4}{n^4 \left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 + n^4 \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^4}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^4}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^4 + \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^4} = \frac{2^4 - 1^4}{2^4 + 1^4} = \frac{15}{17}.$$

$$f). \lim \frac{(\sqrt{n^2+1}+n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^6+1}} = \lim \frac{\left(n\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}}+n\right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^6\left(1+\frac{1}{n^6}\right)}} = \lim \frac{n^2\left(\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}}+1\right)^2}{n^2\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{1}{n^6}}}$$

$$= \lim \frac{\left(\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n^2}}+1\right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{1}{n^6}}} = \frac{(1+1)^2}{1} = 4.$$

Câu 17: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

a). $\lim(-2n^3 + 3n + 5)$ b). $\lim \sqrt{2n^4 + 5n^3 - 7n}$ c). $\lim \sqrt[3]{1 + 2n - n^3}$

d). $\lim(3n + \cos n)$ e). $\lim\left(\frac{2}{3}n^2 - 3\sin n^3 + 5\right)$ f). $\lim(2n^2 \cos n^2 - 4n^3)$

LỜI GIẢI

a). Ta có $L = \lim(-2n^3 + 3n + 5) = \lim n^3 \left(\frac{-2n^3 + 3n + 5}{n^3}\right) = \lim n^3 \left(-2 + \frac{3}{n^2} + \frac{5}{n^3}\right).$

Do $\lim \frac{3}{n^2} = 0$ và $\lim \frac{5}{n^3} = 0$ nên $\lim \left(-2 + \frac{3}{n^2} + \frac{5}{n^3} \right) = -2$ (1), ngoài ra $\lim n^3 = +\infty$ (2). Từ (1) và (2) có $L = -\infty$.

b). Ta có $L = \lim \sqrt{2n^4 + 5n^3 - 7n} = \lim \sqrt{n^4 \left(\frac{2n^4 + 5n^3 - 7n}{n^4} \right)} = \lim n^2 \sqrt{2 + \frac{5}{n} - \frac{7}{n^3}}$

Do $\lim \frac{5}{n} = 0$, $\lim \frac{7}{n^3} = 0$ nên $\lim \sqrt{2 + \frac{5}{n} - \frac{7}{n^3}} = 2$ (1) và $\lim n^2 = +\infty$ (2). Từ (1) và (2) suy ra $L = +\infty$.

c). Ta có $L = \lim \sqrt[3]{1 + 2n - n^3} = \lim \sqrt[3]{n^3 \left(\frac{1 + 2n - n^3}{n^3} \right)} = \lim n \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^3} + \frac{2}{n^2} - 1}$. Ta có $\lim \frac{1}{n^3} = 0$, $\lim \frac{2}{n^2} = 0$ nên $\lim \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^3} + \frac{2}{n^2} - 1} \right) = -1$ (1) và $\lim n = +\infty$ (2). Từ (1) và (2) suy ra $L = -\infty$.

d). $L = \lim (3n + \cos n) = \lim \left[n \left(\frac{3n + \cos n}{n} \right) \right] = \lim \left[n \left(3 + \frac{\cos n}{n} \right) \right]$.

Có $|\cos n| \leq 1$ nên $\left| \frac{\cos n}{n} \right| \leq \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n}$ mà $\lim \frac{1}{n} = 0$ nên $\lim \frac{\cos n}{n} = 0$ (1) và $\lim n = +\infty$ (2). Từ (1) và (2) suy ra $L = +\infty$.

e). $L = \lim n^2 \left(\frac{\frac{2}{3}n^2 - 3\sin n^3 + 5}{n^2} \right) = \lim n^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} - 3 \cdot \frac{\sin n^3}{n^2} + \frac{5}{n^2} \right)$. Có $\lim \frac{5}{n^2} = 0$, có $\left| \frac{\sin n^3}{n^2} \right| \leq \frac{1}{n^2}$ mà

$\lim \frac{1}{n^2} = 0$ nên $\lim \frac{\sin n^3}{n^2} = 0$, do đó $\lim \left(\frac{2}{3} - 3 \cdot \frac{\sin n^3}{n^2} + \frac{5}{n^2} \right) = \frac{2}{3}$ (1) ngoài ra $\lim n^2 = +\infty$ (2). Từ (1) và (2) có $L = +\infty$.

f). $L = \lim (2n^2 \cos n^2 - 4n^3) = \lim n^3 \left(\frac{2n^2 \cos n^2 - 4n^3}{n^3} \right) = \lim n^3 \left(2 \cdot \frac{\cos n^2}{n} - 4 \right)$. Ta có $\left| \frac{\cos n^2}{n} \right| \leq \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n}$ mà

$\lim \frac{1}{n} = 0 \Rightarrow \lim \frac{\cos n^2}{n} = 0$ do đó $\lim \left(2 \cdot \frac{\cos n^2}{n} - 4 \right) = -4$ (1), ngoài ra $\lim n^3 = +\infty$ (2). Từ (1) và (2) có $L = -\infty$.

Câu 18: Tìm các giới hạn sau:

a). $\lim \frac{n^5 + n^4 - 3n - 2}{4n^3 + 6n^2 + 9}$

b). $\lim \frac{-2n^3 + 3n - 2}{4n + 5}$

c). $\lim \frac{\sqrt[3]{n^6 - 7n^3 - 5n + 8}}{n + 2}$

d). $\lim \frac{n\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}}{\sqrt[3]{n^2 + 2n}}$

e). $\lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - \sqrt{n + 3} \right)$

f). $\lim \left(2^{n+3} - 3^{n-2} \right)$.

LỜI GIẢI.

$$a). L = \lim \frac{n^5 + n^4 - 3n - 2}{4n^3 + 6n^2 + 9} = \lim \frac{\frac{n^5 + n^4 - 3n - 2}{n^5}}{\frac{4n^3 + 6n^2 + 9}{n^5}} = \lim \left(n \cdot \frac{1 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{3}{n^2} - \frac{2}{n^5}}{4 + \frac{6}{n^3} + \frac{9}{n^5}} \right)$$

$$\text{Ta có } \lim \left(\frac{1 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{3}{n^2} - \frac{2}{n^5}}{4 + \frac{6}{n^3} + \frac{9}{n^5}} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \text{ và } \lim n = +\infty. \text{ Do đó } L = +\infty.$$

b). Tương tự câu a).

$$c). L = \lim \frac{\sqrt[3]{n^6 - 7n^3 - 5n + 8}}{n + 2} = \lim \frac{\sqrt[3]{n^6 \cdot \frac{n^6 - 7n^3 - 5n + 8}{n^6}}}{n + 2} = \lim \frac{n^3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{7}{n^3} - \frac{5}{n^5} + \frac{8}{n^6}}}{n + 2}$$

$$= \lim \left(n^2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{7}{n^3} - \frac{5}{n^5} + \frac{8}{n^6}}}{1 + \frac{2}{n}} \right).$$

$$\text{Ta có } \lim \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{7}{n^3} - \frac{5}{n^5} + \frac{8}{n^6}}}{1 + \frac{2}{n}} \right) = 1 \text{ và } \lim n^2 = +\infty, \text{ từ đó suy ra } L = +\infty.$$

$$d). L = \lim \frac{n\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}}{\sqrt[3]{n^2 + 2n}}$$

$$= \lim \frac{n^2 \cdot \sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{n^2 \left(\frac{n^2 + 2n}{n^2} \right)}} = \lim \frac{\left(\sqrt[3]{n^2} \right)^3 \cdot \sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{n^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}}} = \lim \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{n^2} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}}} \right].$$

$$\text{Do } \lim \left[\frac{\sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{2}{n^2}}} \right] = \sqrt{2} \text{ và } \lim \left(\sqrt[3]{n^2} \right)^2 = +\infty \text{ nên } L = +\infty.$$

$$e). L = \lim \left(\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} - \sqrt{n + 3} \right) = \lim \frac{n^2 - 2}{\sqrt{n^2 + n + 1} + \sqrt{n + 3}} = \lim \left(n \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{2}{n^2}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} + \frac{3}{n^2}}} \right)$$

$$\text{Do } \lim \frac{1 - \frac{2}{n^2}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} + \frac{3}{n^2}}} = 1 \text{ và } \lim n = +\infty \text{ nên } L = +\infty.$$

f). $L = \lim (2^{n+3} - 3^{n-2}) = \lim \left(8 \cdot 2^n - \frac{3^n}{9} \right) = \lim 3^n \left(8 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^n - \frac{1}{9} \right)$. Do $\lim \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^n = 0$ nên

$\lim \left(8 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^n - \frac{1}{9} \right) = -\frac{1}{9}$ ngoài ra $\lim 3^n = +\infty$. Vậy $L = -\infty$.

hoc360.net