

**Câu 7: Tìm các giới hạn sau:**

a).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{3x+1} - \sqrt{x+3}}{\sqrt{x+8} - 3}$       b).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{3 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-5} - 2}$       c).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{3+2x} - \sqrt{x+2}}{3x+3}$   
 d).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{4+x+x^2} - 2}{x+1}$       e).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{7-2x} + x - 2}{x^2 - 1}$

**LỜI GIẢI**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{3x+1} - \sqrt{x+3}}{\sqrt{x+8} - 3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(3x+1-x-3)(\sqrt{x+8}+3)}{(x+8-9)(\sqrt{3x+1}+\sqrt{x+3})} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2(x-1)(\sqrt{x+8}+3)}{(x-1)(\sqrt{3x+1}+\sqrt{x+3})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2(\sqrt{x+8}+3)}{\sqrt{3x+1}+\sqrt{x+3}} = 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b). } \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{3 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-5} - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{(9-x)(\sqrt{x-5}+2)}{(x-5-4)(3+\sqrt{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{-(x-9)(\sqrt{x-5}+2)}{(x-9)(3+\sqrt{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{-(\sqrt{x-5}+2)}{3+\sqrt{x}} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c). } \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{3+2x} - \sqrt{x+2}}{3x+3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{3+2x-(x+2)}{(3x+3)(\sqrt{3+2x}+\sqrt{x+2})} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{3(x+1)(\sqrt{3+2x}+\sqrt{x+2})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1}{3(\sqrt{3+2x}+\sqrt{x+2})} = \frac{1}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d). } \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{4+x+x^2} - 2}{x+1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{4+x+x^2-4}{(x+1)(\sqrt{4+x+x^2}+2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x(x+1)}{(x+1)(\sqrt{4+x+x^2}+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x}{\sqrt{4+x+x^2}+2} = -\frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e). } \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{7-2x} + x - 2}{x^2 - 1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(\sqrt{7-2x})^2 - (x-2)^2}{(x^2-1)[\sqrt{7-2x} - (x-2)]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{7-2x-(x^2-4x+4)}{(x^2-1)[\sqrt{7-2x} - (x-2)]} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{-x^2+2x+3}{(x^2-1)[\sqrt{7-2x} - (x-2)]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{-(x+1)(x-3)}{(x-1)(x+1)(\sqrt{7-2x} - x + 2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{-(x-3)}{(x-1)(\sqrt{7-2x} - x + 2)} = -\frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

**Câu 8: Tìm các giới hạn sau:**

a).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{5x-3} + 2}{x+1}$       b).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{1-x}}{x}$       c).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2-1} - 2}{x-3}$   
 d).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x+7} - 2}{\sqrt{x}-1}$       e).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}-2}{\sqrt{2x+9}-5}$       f).  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2-1}{2x+\sqrt{3x^2+1}}$

**LỜI GIẢI**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a). } \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{5x-3} + 2}{x+1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{5x-3+8}{(x+1)\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{5x-3}\right)^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{5x-3} + 4\right]} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{5(x+1)}{(x+1)\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{5x-3}\right)^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{5x-3} + 4\right]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{5}{\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{5x-3}\right)^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{5x-3} + 4\right]} = \frac{5}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$b). \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt[3]{1-x}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - (1-x)}{x \left[ 1 + \sqrt[3]{1-x} + (\sqrt[3]{1-x})^2 \right]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt[3]{1-x} + (\sqrt[3]{1-x})^2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$c). \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2-1} - 2}{x-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 1 - 8}{(x-3) \left[ (\sqrt[3]{x^2-1})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^2-1} + 4 \right]}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x-3)(x+3)}{(\sqrt[3]{x^2-1})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^2-1} + 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x+3}{(\sqrt[3]{x^2-1})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^2-1} + 4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$d). \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x+7} - 2}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$\text{Ta có: } \sqrt[3]{x+7} - 2 = \frac{x+7-8}{(\sqrt[3]{x+7})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x+7} + 4} = \frac{x-1}{(\sqrt[3]{x+7})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x+7} + 4}$$

$$\text{Và } \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{x-1}$$

$$\text{Vậy } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(\sqrt[3]{x+7})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x+7} + 4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{(\sqrt[3]{x+7})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x+7} + 4} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$e). \lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 2}{\sqrt{2x+9} - 5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \left( \frac{x-8}{(\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x} + 4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2x+9} + 5}{2x+9-25} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \left( \frac{x-8}{(\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x} + 4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2x+9} + 5}{2(x-8)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \frac{\sqrt{2x+9} + 5}{2 \left[ (\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x} + 4 \right]} = \frac{10}{24}$$

$$f). \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x + \sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x^2 - 1)(2x - \sqrt{3x^2 + 1})}{4x^2 - (3x^2 + 1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x^2 - 1)(2x - \sqrt{3x^2 + 1})}{x^2 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (2x - \sqrt{3x^2 + 1}) = -4$$

**Câu 9: Tìm các giới hạn sau:**

$$a). \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+9} + \sqrt{x+16} - 7}{x} \quad b). \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} - \sqrt{x^2+3}}{x-1} \quad c). \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}}, (a > 0) \quad d).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt[3]{8x+11} - \sqrt{x+7}}{x^2 - 3x + 2} \quad e). \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - \sqrt[3]{1+3x}}{x^2}$$

**LỜI GIẢI**

$$a). \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+9} + \sqrt{x+16} - 7}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+9} - 3 + \sqrt{x+16} - 4}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+9} - 3}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+16} - 4}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+9-9}{(\sqrt{x+9}+3)x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+16-16}{(\sqrt{x+16}+4)x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{(\sqrt{x+9}+3)x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{(\sqrt{x+16}+4)x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+9}+3} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+16}+4} = \frac{7}{24}$$

$$\text{b). } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} - \sqrt{x^2+3}}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} - 2 + 2 - \sqrt{x^2+3}}{x-1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} - 2}{x-1} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2 - \sqrt{x^2+3}}{x-1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3+7-8}{\left[ (\sqrt[3]{x^3+7})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} + 4 \right] (x-1)} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2-x^2-3}{(2+\sqrt{x^2+3})(x-1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}{\left[ (\sqrt[3]{x^3+7})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} + 4 \right] (x-1)} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-(x-1)(x+1)}{(2+\sqrt{x^2+3})(x-1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2+x+4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{x^3+7} \right)^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^3+7} + 4} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x+1}{2+\sqrt{x^2+3}} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{c). } \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} \quad (a > 0)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x-a}{\sqrt{(x-a)(x+a)}(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a})} + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{(x-a)(x+a)}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(\sqrt{x-a})^2}{\sqrt{x-a} \cdot \sqrt{x+a} \cdot (\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a})} + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+a}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{x+a}(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a})} + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2a}}$$

$$\text{d). } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt[3]{8x+11} - \sqrt{x+7}}{x^2-3x+2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt[3]{8x+11} - 3 + 3 - \sqrt{x+7}}{x^2-3x+2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt[3]{8x+11} - 3}{x^2-3x+2} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3 - \sqrt{x+7}}{x^2-3x+2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{8x+11-27}{\left[ (\sqrt[3]{8x+11})^2 + 3\sqrt[3]{8x+11} + 9 \right] (x^2-3x+2)} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{9-x-7}{(3+\sqrt{x+7})(x^2-3x+2)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{8(x-2)}{\left[ (\sqrt[3]{8x+11})^2 + 3\sqrt[3]{8x+11} + 9 \right] (x-2)(x-1)} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-(x-2)}{(3+\sqrt{x+7})(x-2)(x-1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{8}{\left[ (\sqrt[3]{8x+11})^2 + 3\sqrt[3]{8x+11} + 9 \right] (x-1)} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-1}{(3+\sqrt{x+7})(x-1)} = \frac{7}{54}$$

$$\text{e). } L = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - \sqrt[3]{1+3x}}{x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{x} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - 1}{x} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+3x} - 1}{x} \right) \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{x} \left( \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+2x}+1} - \frac{3}{(\sqrt[3]{1+3x})^2 + \sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 1} \right) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{x} \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{1+3x})^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 2 - 3\sqrt{1+2x} - 3}{\left( \sqrt{1+2x} + 1 \right) \left( \left( \sqrt[3]{1+3x} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 1 \right)} \right] \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{A} \left( \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{1+3x})^2 - 1}{x} + 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+3x} - 1}{x} - 3 \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - 1}{x} \right) \right] \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{A} \left( 2(\sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 1) \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+3x} - 1}{x} + 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+3x} - 1}{x} - 3 \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - 1}{x} \right) \right] \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \frac{1}{A} \left( \frac{6(\sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 1)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{1+3x} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 1} + \frac{6}{\left( \sqrt[3]{1+3x} \right)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1+3x} + 1} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{1+2x} + 1} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{6} (4 + 2 - 3) = \frac{1}{2}.
 \end{aligned}$$

CÁCH 2:

$$\begin{aligned}
 L &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - (1+x) + (1+x) - \sqrt[3]{1+3x}}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - (1+x)}{x^2} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x) - \sqrt[3]{1+3x}}{x^2} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-x^2}{x^2 \left[ \sqrt{1+2x} + (1+x) \right]} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^3 + 3x^2}{x^2 \left[ (1+x)^2 + (1+x)\sqrt[3]{1+3x} + \left( \sqrt[3]{1+3x} \right)^2 \right]} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1+2x} + (1+x)} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(x+1)}{(1+x)^2 + (1+x)\sqrt[3]{1+3x} + \left( \sqrt[3]{1+3x} \right)^2} = -\frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{1}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Câu 10: Tính các giới hạn sau:**

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + x^2 + \dots + x^n - n}{x - 1}$       b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^n - 1}{x^m - 1}$       c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^n - nx + n - 1}{(x - 1)^2}$

**LỜI GIẢI**

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + x^2 + \dots + x^n - n}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1) + (x^2-1) + \dots + x^n - 1}{x - 1}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1) + (x-1)(x+1) + \dots + (x-1)(x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + \dots + 1)}{x - 1}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)[1 + (x+1) + \dots + (x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + \dots + 1)]}{x - 1} = 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^n - 1}{x^m - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} + \dots + 1)}{(x-1)(x^{m-1} + x^{m-2} + x^{m-3} + \dots + 1)} = \frac{1+1+1+\dots+1}{1+1+1+\dots+1} = \frac{n}{m}$

c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^n - nx + n - 1}{(x - 1)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^n - 1) - n(x - 1)}{(x - 1)^2}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} + \dots + 1) - n(x-1)}{(x - 1)^2}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} + \dots + 1 - n)}{(x - 1)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} + \dots + 1 - n}{x - 1}$   
 $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^{n-1} - 1) + (x^{n-2} - 1) + (x^{n-3} - 1) + \dots + (x - 1) + (1 - 1)}{x - 1}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} + \dots + 1) + (x-1)(x^{n-3} + x^{n-4} + \dots + 1) + \dots + (x-1)}{x-1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1) \left[ (x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} + \dots + 1) + (x^{n-3} + x^{n-4} + \dots + 1) + \dots + 1 \right]}{x-1} \\ &= (n-1) + (n-2) + \dots + 1 = \frac{(n-1) \cdot n}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

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